THE TIMES
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Victoria Daily Times.

PEOPLE'S POPULAR PRESCRIPTION HARMACY
ALWAYS OPEN.
C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 8, 1894. No. 6

Silverware
Silverware
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Silverware

The Largest and Finest Stock in the City at

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers, 55 Government Street.

Eider Down Quilts

RECEIVED TO-DAY AT THE

WESTSIDE

NICE PATTERNS, PRETTY COLORS, GOOD QUALITY.

..Price $6.75 Each..

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

A FEW PLUMS.

BOYS' OVERCOATS $1.50 up. Boys' and Men's Gum Coats $1.75. Only a few left at this price; good value at $2.50. Men's good strong pants $2 a pair. Another case of Leather Coats arrived yesterday.

SEALERS wanting a first-class outfit can get it here. Our prices may be higher in this line than others, but our goods are better—and cheaper in the end.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,
35 and 37 Johnson Street

A Happy New Year

MAY YOU LIVE THROUGH MANY OF THEM.

TO live long and happily one must be comfortable. One way to be comfortable is to have a pair of comfortable slippers.

ERSKINE SELLS COMFORTABLE SLIPPERS.

Call and see his display.

Cor. Government and Johnson Streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A good bargain for a cash customer—One fine six-year-old thoroughbred Suffolk Punch horse. A pony will be accepted as part payment. Apply 230 Fort street. 18-1t

WANTED—Small second-hand desk. Send description and price to Box O., Times office. 38-2t

TO THE ELECTORS
—OF THE—
SOUTH WARD.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

I am a candidate for re-election for the ensuing year, and respectfully solicit your support and influence.

D. R. HARRIS.

Victoria, January 6, 1894. 37-4t

To the Electors of Central Ward

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends and voters, I again offer myself as a candidate for the above ward and respectfully solicit your votes and influence.

38 S. T. STYLES.

To the Electors of Central Ward

Ladies and Gentlemen:—At the urgent solicitation of a large number of ratepayers of Central Ward, I have consented to become a candidate for alderman at the coming election.

If elected, I will support only such measures as are in the best interest of the ratepayers of the city generally, having no self-interests to serve except as a citizen and a ratepayer.

The rapidly increasing rate of civic taxation is a subject requiring grave consideration, and should be checked by the adoption of stringent measures of economy. The evil cannot, as I conceive, be remedied by shifting the burden from one class to another. Reformation of the system of managing the city's business should be commenced at once, and measures taken to secure the introduction of thoroughly business-like methods.

Yours respectfully,
HUGH H. MACDONALD.

January 6, 1894. 38

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT

ST. JAMES' HALL.

Tuesday Evening, January 9th.

ADMISSION 25c.

1ST PART.

Song ..... Mr. Booth
Song ..... Miss Christie
Song ..... Mr. Robertson
Recitation ..... Mr. Scaife
Song ..... Miss Arrowsmith
Trio ... Messrs. Russell, Middleton and Jay.

2ND PART.

Song ..... Mr. Fonfkes
Song ..... Mrs. Scaife
Guiar and banjo selection..Dr. Wade and others.
Song ..... Mrs. McKenzie
Piano solo ..... Miss Wilson
Song ..... Mrs. Jay

38-2t

VICTORIA THEATRE

FRIDAY, JANUARY 12th AT 8 O'CLOCK.

The great Comedy Drama, in four acts, entitled

"STRIFE"

—BY—

Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society,

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney and His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Beaven, for the benefit of the B. C. Benevolent Society, whose object is solely for the benefit of the poor, without regard to creed, color or nationality. SPECIAL FEATURE—GREAT FIRE SCENE. Admission 25c., 50c., 75c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's Bookstore. 38-4t

1894—B. No. 1.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

Between the Brackman & Ker Milling Company, Limited Liability, Plaintiffs, and William Jordan, Defendant.

To the Defendant:

Take notice that by writ of summons issued in the above styled cause, and dated the 4th day of January instant, the plaintiff's claim against you the sum of $2,516.39 as the maker of two promissory notes for $1,000 each, dated 24th February, 1893, respectively, payable on demand, with interest at ten per cent. per annum, and for the balance due for the price of goods sold and delivered, full particulars of which appear upon the indorsement of said writ.

And further take notice that by order of the Honourable Mr. Justice Drake dated this day, service of a copy of said writ was ordered to be effected by leaving a copy thereof with your wife in the City of Victoria, and by sending a copy thereof and of the said order by a prepaid registered post letter addressed to you at Seattle, Wash., U.S.A., and by inserting an advertisement for four days in the Victoria Daily Times newspaper of the institution of the said action and of the said order and that you are required to appear to the said writ at Victoria within eight days from the first of such advertisements otherwise the action will proceed against you by default.

Dated this 8th day of January, A.D. 1894.

Yours &c.,
H. B. W. AIKMAN,
of the firm of Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, 20 Bastion street, Victoria, Plaintiff's Solicitor. 38-4t

Why go to MORRIS?

Because he is the leading Tobacconist.

Intense Sufferings in Mexico.

City of Mexico, Jan. 8.—This has been the coldest winter here for many years. There is great destitution and intense suffering among the poor people, who are compelled to go without fire and have only scant food supplies. The hospitals, dependent upon public support, are full of mendicants. One thousand blankets have been contributed to the poor by Simon Lara, the philanthropist.

General News.

London, Jan. 8.—The Times announces that the marriage of Viscount de Erhearst to Miss Virginia Bouynge of California will shortly take place.

TOILERS OF THE SEA

Dreadful Experiences of the Steamer Ripon City

IN HER PASSAGE ACROSS ATLANTIC

Bound From the Thames to Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Gales, Cyclones and Tidal Waves Batter Her for Eighteen Days—Laid on Her Beam Ends by a Sea—Unmanageable off the Banks—Dangers of the Crew.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 8.—The Furness steamer Ripon City arrived here this morning, after battling with gales, cyclones and tidal waves for 18 days. She is from London for Halifax and Boston. Her captain and officers says that it was one of the hardest experiences they ever met. From the time of getting clear of the land on the English side the bad weather continued almost all the way over. On the day after Christmas the steamer was almost engulfed by a high sea which rolled suddenly down on her. The captain says it was a tidal wave. The water poured over the deck in tons, causing the ship to careen over until she was lying on her beam ends. She remained so long in this condition before recovering that those on board thought she would never right. The cargo shifted and a great number of packages became broken. By the time the banks were reached more bad weather was encountered, and on New Year's day the steamer ran into a cyclone. It was impossible to force her ahead as it was feared the strain would be too great on the shaft as the ship was then reeling and pitching frightfully. This cyclone lasted without abatement until Wednesday morning, Jan. 3rd. During all this time the steamer was practically unmanageable on account of the heavy sea that was running. Her decks were continually flooded, the waves making a clean sweep over the ship fore and aft. The crew had to run great risks moving about the deck, and several of them narrowly escaped being washed overboard. One man was caught by a sea, swept along and dashed against the bulwarks and badly bruised and otherwise injured, one of his legs being fractured. The steamer's sails, which were set to try and steady her were blown to ribbons.

Quebec, Jan. 8.—Provincial parliament prorogued this afternoon.

Defiant Chinese.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 8.—It was discovered to-day that Chinese had torn down all government posters put up in Chinatown informing them that an office had been opened for their registration under the McGreary law, and that Chinese placards warning their countrymen not to register had taken the place of the posters.

Midwinter Fair Congresses.

San Francisco, Jan. 8.—Ex-President Harrison and Gov. McKinley of Ohio have been invited to be present (the former to preside) at the congress of "economies and politics" to be held during the midwinter exposition. Among other congresses to be held are one on education, another on astronomy and a third on mining.

Bechuanaland Police Killed.

Cape Town, Jan. 8.—Advices have been received here that a post runner who arrived at Palapye reports that 15 members of the Bechuanaland police have been killed near Inyat. No details have been received.

What Coughlin May Say.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Dan Coughlin will go on the stand in his own behalf. This is rendered certain and necessary from the character of the testimony of the state. Coughlin is far from well, and no one knows it better than he. Within the walls of a prison he will never regain his health and Coughlin is getting tired. He knows, it is said, that he has only to speak to obtain absolute immunity from the state, therefore, it is thought when he kisses the book on the witness stand it may be to gain freedom and safety by telling what he knows. Although Coughlin is looked upon by the state as the leader in the actual murder of Dr. Cronin, the man the prosecution is after is not the ex-detective. It is a man they have had their eye on for nearly five years and they are determined to run him to earth provided Coughlin tells all he knows.

Great Northern Railway Affairs.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 8.—C. W. Case, general manager of the Great Northern railway, accompanied by J. D. Farrell, general superintendent, arrived in the city this morning. The presence of the general manager in Seattle at this time is significant. It is scarcely five weeks since he took a special run to the coast, and his coming so soon again strengthens what he said before. It is said he has now come to carry out the course decided upon at his first visit. If so it seems the Great Northern coast lines, running 143 miles from Seattle to New Westminster, are to be absorbed in the management by the mother road, which owns three connecting lines, viz.: Seattle & Montana, Fairhaven & Southern, and New Westminster Southern. In that event the office of General Manager P. P. Shelby, and of Superintendent Copeland, will be abolished. This would also do away with several minor officials and clerks and result in the vacation of the offices now occupied in this city. F. Whiting, general passenger and ticket agent of the Great Northern, was in Seattle a few months ago. He was asked whether it was true that Mr. Shelby had tendered his resignation, to take effect Jan. 1st. He gave an evasive reply, but did not deny such was the fact. It is certain the Great Northern road in economizing should have decided to abolish expensive offices and costly officials when the duties they performed can be merged in other officials who most of the time are not overburneded with work. Besides Mr. Shelby the Great Northern is represented by R. C. Stevens. Should the officials of the coast line be abolished his duties would no doubt be enlarged. Mr. Shelby is vice-president as well as general manager of the coast lines. He came to Seattle in May, 1892, and aided considerably in securing the right-of-way and terminal facilities for the western extension of the Great Northern into this city. For over 25 years he has been active in railroading, and it said he contemplates retiring permanently from business to make his home on his extensive Idaho ranch.

For Shelling Nulla.

New Orleans, Jan. 8.—The United States District Court at New Orleans, for the first time since the days immediately following the war of the rebellion, had to resolve itself into a court of prize and sit upon a case involving the forfeiture of a vessel. The plaintiff was the United States and the defendant the American steamship Spizzati, a large and valuable steamer running in the fruit trade between this city and Spanish Honduras. The boat was libelled last summer, the charge being that she had been armed and equipped and had served in battle against a government with which the United States was at peace. The specific allegation is that at the time of the Nulla revolution in Spanish Honduras in 1892 the Spizzati was utilized by the regulars to shell a town in possession of the rebels. The Spizzati, on returning to the United States, was seized under instructions from the department of justice at Washington, and the district attorney at this point was instructed to bring suit against her for condemnation. The petition of the government held there had been a violation of neutrality laws and that the penalty therefor was forfeiture of the vessel. Counsel for Mr. Oteri, owner of the vessel, filed exceptions in the case, admitting the Spizzati had been fitted here, but maintaining she was to be used as a war vessel by the constituted government of a country which, at that time, was on friendly terms with the United States. Judge Boardman rendered a decision in the case, maintaining the exception and ordering the suit dismissed, virtually restoring to Oteri possession of his vessel.

Sypher Alleges Fraud.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 8.—Hab. Sypher, formerly representative from Louisiana, appeared before the house naval committee, which was investigating the payments of premiums to builders of warships. Sypher said he believed the committee had been formed for the express purpose of aiding contractors to secure these large premiums. When Mr. Hullich, Ohio, reminded Mr. Sypher that his accusation was a grave one, he replied that he would not withdraw it, especially as Hullich was one of the gentlemen who had been appointed on the committee because of a desire to be useful to the naval contractors.

The French Elections.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Moderate newspapers agree that the result of yesterday's senatorial elections is fresh success for the Republicans and a rebuff to the Conservatives and Socialists. The Journal des Debats regrets the defeat of M. Waddington, ex-ambassador to Great Britain. The paper declares this defeat is palpable to the senate. La Petite Republique says the hour has not come to elect Socialist senators; but Radicals of advanced opinions have been returned.

Frost Among the Fruit.

San Francisco, Jan. 8.—The unusually cold weather of the last few days in Southern California has seriously damaged the orange and lemon crop, large quantities of fruit having been frostbitten, making it almost worthless. Some growers declare about three-fourths of the crop has been damaged, and the majority express the belief that only a quarter of the crop is injured. Chairman Perry of the Southern California Fruit exchange, says the loss will run far into the thousands, but the exact amount cannot be known for several days. Other prominent growers, however, state that choice fruit has largely escaped, and that the damage will be found to be comparatively small.

Boutelle Under Duress.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The controversy between Boutelle and the Speaker over the former's Hawaiian resolution was renewed after the reading of the Journal. Mr. Reed spoke against considering Boutelle's resolution, and held that the question of its consideration could not be raised again except as a resolution emanating from the committee on rules, which took precedence over all. When the Speaker finished he requested Boutelle to take his seat, but Boutelle did not do so until repeatedly requested by the Speaker, and finally dropped into his seat with the remark, "I do so under duress."

The Brazilian Embroglio.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 8.—The latest from Rio de Janeiro is that a German boat from the warship Alexandrina was fired on by government troops at the coal depot on Mocangne island on Dec. 22nd. The commander of the Alexandrina, after consultation with the German minister in Rio, demanded an apology from the government and a salute to the German flag. The apology was given on the 26th and a salute was fired from Fort Santa Cruz. The officer in charge of the troops who did the firing was dismissed. This action of the Germans is considered to be proof of perfect neutrality, and of their determination to let neither side take liberties with the German flag. It is reported that last week plans were laid to capture Admiral Saldanha, but they were revealed to him by a friend, who was an officer of the National Guard. The officer was shot by order of Gen. Telles when his act was discovered.

MODUS VIVENDI.

The Governor-General of Canada Formally Notified

BY THE BRITISH COLONIAL SECRETARY

That the Home Government Has Agreed With Russia

For a Renewal of the Modus Vivendi in Behring Sea—But American Vessels Must Also Be Subject Thereto—Only on This Condition Will the Others Act.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—The Earl of Aberdeen this morning received an official dispatch from Lord Ripon, colonial secretary of state, notifying the Canadian government that Her Majesty's government has agreed with the government of Russia for the renewal of the modus vivendi in the matter of the Behring Sea fisheries until further notice, on the understanding that vessels of the United States are subject to similar restrictions. The modus vivendi of last year establishes a protected zone of 30 miles around Russian seal islands and provides that by this sealing vessels captured within this belt should be ordered to Yokohama for trial by British authorities. When negotiations were opened for a renewal of this arrangement for 1894, the British authorities, at the suggestion of the Canadian government, replied that the proposal would be acceptable, provided United States vessels were also included in the proposed restrictions. The decision of the Paris tribunal being adverse to the Russian and American contention of exclusive jurisdiction rendered it necessary that, according to the Canadian view, the United States should become a party to the arrangement, otherwise the modus vivendi could not be applied to Americans sealing within the 30-mile zone, provided they respected the three-mile limit.

Alonzo Wright, ex-M.P., died at his home on the Gatineau river at three o'clock yesterday morning. Inflammation of the lungs was the cause of death. He was 69, and leaves a widow but no family. He represented Ottawa county from 1862 until confederation in the Quebec assembly, and was elected at confederation for the same county, which he steadily represented until the dissolution in 1891. His last speech in parliament was against McCarthy's resolution to abolish the French language.

Col. Ravenshill, retired from command of the British troops at Hong Kong, Mrs. Ravenshill and Miss Robinson, daughter of Sir William Robinson, governor of Hong Kong, are here on their way to England.

Fatal Marine Collision.

London, Jan. 8.—The British steamer Esk, bound from Shields to London with coal, collided off Lowestoft last night during the fog with the Spanish steamer Musques, ore laden, and bound from Bilbao for Middlesborough. The Spanish steamer sank stern first in a few minutes. Twenty-two of the crew were rescued by the Esk, but two were drowned. The Esk was badly damaged.

The Hawaiian Question.

Washington, Jan. 8.—There is no probability of a special message on Hawaii being sent to Congress to-day. Gresham expects to receive by mail on Wednesday next advices brought by the Corwin from Willis. Senator Gray is authority for the statement that the President will undoubtedly send Congress whatever information he receives as to the condition of affairs at Hawaii as soon as he receives it. From several sources it is ascertained that Secretary Gresham has positively asserted the telegrams he received thus far simply announce the arrival of the Corwin and advices have been forwarded by mail.

San Francisco, Jan. 8.—P. H. Jones, formerly minister of finance at Honolulu under the Queen, and who for a time held the same position under the provisional government, has arrived here on his way home, the recent news making him anxious to be with his family, who are at the islands. He states that when he reaches Honolulu, he will advise that additional affidavits be prepared and forwarded to Washington showing further the misrepresentations in Blount's reports. He is satisfied that if the Queen be replaced on the throne she will not be able to hold her own for an hour as soon as the support of the United States is withdrawn. Mr. Jones returns to Honolulu on the next steamer.

General Dispatches.

Lyons, Jan. 8.—The body of an unknown man was found on the rails last evening. He had evidently been a passenger on the train between St. Gothard and Balviguey. The body showed unmistakable evidence that the man had been murdered and the body thrown from the train.

American News.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 8.—A shoemaker named Fraser was arrested yesterday morning charged with assaulting five girls, from 9 to 13 years old. Three of the children have confessed. Only one of them, the ten-year-old daughter of Doty Thomson, captain of the steamer Mistletoe, has a father living. Two, aged 11 and 12, are stepdaughters of William Whaley, a carpenter; one of 9 years, the stepdaughter of C. M. Clinton, a carpenter, and the fifth is the 11-year-old child of Mrs. Taylor, a widow with three children, who earns a scant living by sewing. There has been talk of lynching.

New York, Jan. 8.—Col. Porter, for many years chief solicitor for the American Bank Note Company, a well known club man, has been adjudged insane.

NORTH WARD MEETING.

Candidates Address the Ratepayers in the Hillside Ward School.

The main room of the Hillside Ward school house was crowded on Saturday evening with ratepayers from the Work Estate portion of North Ward, all of whom took a keen interest in the proceedings. S. P. Mills was chosen as chairman and at the request of the meeting limited the speakers to twenty minutes.

W. J. Leddingham, the candidate from Victoria West, was the first speaker. He read the resolutions passed at the Victoria West meeting. There had been complaint, he said, in the papers about the aldermen not being what they should be. The Spring Ridge meeting had nominated Ald. Bragg and therefore the people of Victoria West would, consistent with their resolution, support Ald. Bragg.

On motion the resolutions from Victoria West were received and laid on the table.

Ald. Baker asked the meeting to excuse him after he had made a few remarks, as he was suffering from a sore throat. Many present had heard him speak before and it was therefore useless for him to go over the same ground. Before the last election he promised that he would introduce a by-law to provide for surface drains. This he had done and the drains were about completed. Much had been said about them. But he was sure that they would benefit the city. A great deal had also been said about him and Ald. Bragg, but they were the only aldermen for 1893 whose by-laws had been passed by the ratepayers. Other aldermen introduced by-laws which were defeated. Mayor Beaven, he contended, had not treated him or the ratepayers of North Ward fairly. If he did not think that he (Ald. Baker) was a proper person to place on committees why did he not place some other alderman from the North Ward on those committees? But Mayor Beaven had hard feelings against him and on that account the ward had to suffer. Mayor Beaven had said that a committee of two could work better than a committee of three. That may be so, but it was usual to have a committee of three. During the latter part of 1893, there were six committees on which North Ward was not represented. He had been requested to become a candidate for re-election and had accepted. It was useless for him to say what had been done, but, if elected, he would do his best for the city in the future.

Mr. Blackett had been induced to become a candidate for North Ward. Some gentlemen had asked him to stand and he told them he would do so if there were not sufficient candidates. Only two had announced themselves, so he had placed his nomination in the hands of the returning officer. He would let bygones be bygones and speak of the future. He was satisfied that many men differed with Mr. Teague regarding the sewers. Already $400,000 had been spent on the sewers and it would be wrong to go on with them until the present sewers had been completed. If the sewers would have to be continually flushed there would be a great waste of water. It would be my advice to test the sewers before more money was spent on them.

The system followed by previous councils regarding roads, streets and bridges was entirely wrong. When he arrived here the streets were good but since the sewers were commenced the streets were disgraceful and the manner of repairing them was wrong. The present streets were reservoirs for water, being lower in the middle than on the sides. The streets should be rounded, the drains kept clean and the rock placed on them covered with sand. Most of the work done on the streets is done in the wet weather when men can only do a half a day's work. The surface drains, he considered them sewers, were commenced in bad weather. So bad the Burnside road colvert, which would cost three times as much as it should on account of washouts. Last year, Mayor Beaven had promised to try and reduce the taxes, but instead ratepayers had to pay more than ever. The hospital may have been necessary but the people refused to pass a by-law to build the hospital, and neither Mayor Beaven or any one else had any right to override the wishes of the people. The money with which it was proposed to buy the "farm" should be kept to defray the expenses of any future epidemic. He did not think that the local improvement system should be inflicted on the outskirts of the city. The tax on improvements should be abolished. It would force the people owning vacant land to build, as it would be more profitable for them. He did not intend to run under false colors. The salaries of the civic officials should be made to suit the times. Last year the salaries took one-third the revenue. Some of the officials received too much for the work done. If elected he would do his best to reduce some of the salaries. There were men earning $2 a day who were well able to occupy the best position in the corporation employ, and would be glad to take a position at less than the officials receive now. The principal officers should be elected every year. He objected to a personal canvas and would not carry on one. If elected he wanted to go to the council free-handed. (Applause.)

Ald. Bragg challenged any one to say that he in any way obstructed the working of the council. When elected to the council he promised to endeavor to reduce the high salaries paid the officials, and he tried without success to have this done. But he did succeed in doing away with the services of the sewerage engineer (Mr. Mohun). He was receiving $250 a month, although the funds for sewerage purposes had been exhausted. He had always advocated the abolition of the tax on improvements, but there was a difficulty, viz., that the improvements were security for the debt of the city. The consolidation of the debt would, however, do away with this. He had kept his promise regarding an endeavor to have a new school and surface drains constructed in Work estate. He had not placed himself in front of the sewerage engineer; he had only fairly criticized the work, which he had a right to do. If elected he would do his best to harmonize with other aldermen. (Applause.)

W. J. Leddingham contended that to settle various public matters one must go to the first principle. More good would be got out of the council if the ratepayers would appoint committees and let those committees give the council the benefit of their experience. He was sorry that the people had gone so far with the present system of sewerage. One of the prime movers for the present system had said the system was better because it was cheaper. It would be much cheaper to have one system instead of two. A main that would carry water would carry sewage. He had written an anonymous letter signed "94," and from that the ratepayers could glean some of his opinions. He read another letter in which he favored the local improvement system. (Applause.)

W. J. Dwyer said the judge of the supreme court had made right the error of a city clerk and his name was to be placed on the voters' list. He thought the sewerage system should be carried out to completion, the contracts and work being given to local men. The quality and quantity of water should be improved, but the means left to an engineer. The streets should be improved by some other system than the one at present in vogue. Government street might be paved after the sewers were completed. The electric light system would bear improvement and the James Bay flat should be filled in. Sewers and paving should be constructed under the local improvement system. The effort to obtain the Indian reserve for the dry should be continued. He favored the abolition of taxes on improvements and the economical, not niggardly or extravagant, management of the city. He would promise that if elected all portions of the ward would be fairly dealt with by him.

M. Humber had never heard so much "bosh" talked as had been talked to-night. When candidates are talking about official salaries why do they not promise to do the work of aldermen for nothing. They say nothing about the $400 aldermen receive. Candidates promise a lot of things, but they will find they cannot accomplish them when they get there. The present sewers are failures. There is a lot of dirt in them now.

Mr. Teague—Have you been through them.

Mr. Humber—No, and neither have you. The surface drains are as bad as the sewers. The money spent on them had been wasted. He did not know whether he would become a candidate for alderman, but if he did he would oppose more borrowing. It would hardly seem like an election if he did not run. (Applause.)

Mayor Beaven congratulated the people of the north ward on the fact that they would be able to hold their meetings next year in a larger and better building and that the one they were at present occupying would be delegated to the past. For this they had to thank the council and board of school trustees. He hoped that the building would be a benefit to both the present and the rising generation. Ald. Bragg in his speech had very often mentioned his (Mayor Beaven's) name. Ald. Bragg had said that the mayor could carry anything he wished through the council. This made the speaker think that he was a good deal more than he thought he was. There was one thing that occurred during the year that he might mention. It was in reference to the sewerage engineer, Mr. Mohun. He had nothing whatever to say against Mr. Mohun personally. As soon as the money voted for sewerage purposes had been exhausted, he, as mayor, called the attention of the council to the fact that there would be no money with which to pay Mr. Mohun's salary. That was in 1892 after the ratepayers had refused to vote any more money for sewerage purposes. A majority of the aldermen decided to retain Mr. Mohun, and he had no doubt they were conscientious in what they did. It was not his fault that Mr. Mohun was not discharged. Ald. Baker was one of those who were in favor of retaining Mr. Mohun at that time. The chief object for retaining him seemed to be that the sewers at that time had not been taken over from the contractor by the city. This was one of the illustrations of the fact that suggestions made by the mayor were not always carried out by the council. Most of the speakers now seem to think that it was right to discharge Mr. Mohun.

It had been a hobby of his for a long while to have the tax on improvements abolished, but the difficulty was that he had been unable to get the people to agree with him. Now the people were in favor of the abolition of the tax. It had been detected, however, that at least a small rate had to be levied on the improvements as the bonds of the city were secured by the improved property and it would be improper to take away the bondholders' security. This difficulty could be surmounted by the consolidation of the debt and there might also be a more simple way. The first municipal act that he introduced in the legislature provided for the exemption of improvements from taxation. That was before Henry George or single tax were spoken of. For doing this at that time he was hooted at and looked upon as a crank. The other members said "Why should not a man who puts up a building for profit be taxed?" The local improvement system was not favored because it was not started when the city was young. If it had prevailed at first it would have been a good thing for the city. People living in the outskirts said it was unfair after they had paid their share for the improvements in the centre of the city, that they should be called upon to pay for their own improvements. It was a good system for a new city to adopt. (Applause.) People wanted improvements and the question was how was the council to make them. Last year it was said that the council made a mistake in applying the system so generally. The bylaw was amended so that new streets and sidewalks could be constructed by funds out of the general revenue. Before this amendment was made the work had to be done under the local improvement system. It would have been illegal to do it otherwise. It was a wise move of the council to make the amendment. The waterworks were a useful and valuable asset to the city, but mistakes had been made. The council that inaugurated the system made a mistake. They only purchased the land that the engineer said would be overflowed. This land could not be defined. They might have had good reasons for only purchasing the land up to the higher water mark, but their so doing, had and would cause trouble and expense to the city. The dam had recently been raised, thereby flooding the land and the occupiers thereof had complained. But it was impossible to define the land that belonged to the city. The council for 1894 should purchase the land that forms the water shed for the lake and then raise the dam. That was one of the objections he had to the Victoria & Sidney railway running through the land as he wanted it for the city. The present filter beds were not large enough for the water supplied to the city. The engineer had come to the conclusion that large iron filters, costing about $5000 each, were preferable to the present system of beds. A few or as many as the council wished could be used. The engineer had the plans of one and he was sure that they would commend themselves to everyone. It would be well to do this work this year. He did not favor borrowing money for all purposes, but the city got a return from the water works which would be even greater in the future. Although Victoria was the oldest city, not as much had been spent on her water system as has been spent on the Vancouver and New Westminster systems. There were many other things that should be taken up this year. The taxes here are lower than they are in any other city in the province. The general rate on land in Victoria is 13 mills on the dollar while in Vancouver and Westminster it is 20 mills. Some would say, but your assessment is higher? All we know is that the statute says the land shall be assessed at its full value. Improvements in Victoria are taxed at one-half their value while in Vancouver they are assessed at 75 per cent. of their value. The general and special rates in Victoria, with the rebate, did not amount to as much as the general and special rates in Vancouver with their rebate. Here the tax with the rebate amounts to 15.80 mills while in Westminster it amounted to 17 mills.

In answer to a question Mayor Beaven stated that he would do his best to have the municipal act amended so that a three-fifths majority would be necessary to pass a by-law. It was a queer thing that at the last session the legislature had made a three-fifths majority necessary in Vancouver while in Victoria they changed the three-fifths majority to a bare majority. (Applause.)

Mr. John Teague said there was one matter upon which he would like to speak. That was the sewerage system. In 1885 the question of sewerage was taken up, the separate system was adopted and Mr. Pickering's plans were paid for. Work was commenced on Johnson street, which was intended to be part of the system, but unfortunately those who had it in hand made a bungle of it. The next thing to do was to obtain an expert, and Randolph Herring was chosen. He advised the council to accept Mr. Mohun's plans, which they did. The work of construction was commenced and the system was in part executed. It had been stated that the system was a failure. He would like to know where the failure came in. When the separate system was first spoken of he objected to it, but his opinion was not to be compared with that of an expert such as Mr. Herring. The system was the most expensive one, but the most costly part of it had been completed. About 300 connections, which meant about 1,000 buildings, some of them large ones, had been made to the sewer, and they were operated for the greater part of a year before the flush tanks were put in. They had therefore been working under a disadvantage. They would work much better if they were half full. It was impossible for sewerage matter to accumulate in the sewers if they were properly flushed. How would it be if a man who had a dispute with his neighbor which had to be settled in court refused to employ a lawyer, or a man who was sick would refuse to call in a doctor. The former would lose his case and the latter would be carried to Ross Bay cemetery. It was the same with the sewers. Men who run them down knew no more about them than the man in the moon.

Ex-Ald. Humber—You will find out that they are a failure.

Mr. Teague—Oh! you don't know what you are talking about. He advised the ratepayers not to waste $2,000 for an expert. The sewers had been tested and the $2,000 could could be better spent in extending the system. (Applause.)

Ex-Ald. Humber—What about the surface drains?

Mr. Teague—Your ideas about the surface drains are something like your ideas about the sewers. They are very crude. It was better to spend money on sewers which would prevent sickness than paying for the opinions of experts. What Mayor Beaven had said about the boundaries of Elk Lake was quite true. It would be as well to purchase more land around the lake and raise the dam. (Applause.)

Ald. Munn was called on. He said he was not a candidate for North ward, but he was a voter for North ward, and, like those present, was interested in the candidates for that ward. He ought to know something about municipal affairs after having been in the council for three years. An alderman must first convince himself and then convince the ratepayers that he is on the right track. It is hard at times to convince his constituents that he is right. He had recently introduced a resolution advocating certain amendments to the municipal act. Among these was one to raise a special rate for school purposes, so that when the rate was raised the ratepayers could enquire the why and wherefor from the trustees who spent the money. If the amendments were made it would assist both the aldermen and the ratepayers. It seemed scarcely fair to the ratepayers that the city's sinking fund should be earning but 4 per cent. when it might be invested where it could earn 8 per cent. The present was a slow way of paying off the debt. (Applause.)

On motion of Mr. Gilchrist, seconded by Mr. Allen, Ald. Baker was unanimously chosen as candidate for that portion of North ward.

Geo. Jeeves suggested that the old school house be turned into a fire hall, a suggestion that was met with applause.

After tendering the chairman a vote of thanks the meeting adjourned.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, **do not despair, do not give up!** Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the **money in your local bank** to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for **free Question List** and **be cured at Home.**

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper

Dr. D. CLARKE, Mor ll Block, Detroit, Michigan

The Eugenie of the Present.

The Empress Eugenie has settled down into the solitude which best enables her to endure her memorable and cumulative sorrows. Her tall, sad figure goes in and out among us with only the recognition of silent sympathy. The Empress likes to have communication with as few people as possible. For instance, when she shops (she does her own shopping) she likes to be waited on by the same salesman always. I was witness of an incident of this sort the other day. The Empress walked into a well-known West-end shop and asked for Mr. ——, naming one of the head men. She was told he was out, whereupon she remarked that she would call again, and went away. I was told that she would certainly come again; that Mr. —— always waited on her; and that she would not be served by anyone else.—Western Mail.

Patrolman Julius Zeidler

Of the Brooklyn, N. Y., Police Force, gladly testifies to the merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla. His wife takes it for dizziness and indigestion and it works charmingly. "The children also take it with great benefit. It is without doubt a most excellent thing for **That Tired Feeling.** I cheerfully recommend

Hood's Sarsaparilla

and Hood's Pills to every one who wishes to have health and comfort." Get HOOD'S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache.

J. Horner & Co.

ARGYLE HOUSE

BARGAINS

FOR JANUARY.

14 yds Canton Flannel for $1.
7 yds. Grey Flannel for $1.
6 yds. White Flannel for $1.
14 yds. Flannelette for $1.
12 yds. Toweling for $1
15 yds. White Calico for $1.
Women's Heavy Wool Hose, Black, 25c. a pair.
Women's Cashmere Hose, Black, 25c a pair.
Children's Heavy Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.
Bed Comforts, 75c. each.
Grey Blankets, $2 a pair.
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
One more Case of those 50c. Corsets, worth 6c.

J. Horner & Co.

WE CLAIM

To be the only house in B. C. where you can be fitted with glasses which will give comfort and ease to the eyes.

To furnish glasses FAR SUPERIOR in quality to any you can obtain elsewhere.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
ONLY OPTICIANS OF B. C., 37 Fort St.
417 Hastings street, Vancouver.

FOR SALE!

Lease and good-will of first-class boarding house, with spacious grounds; good reason for selling; business is now paying. Apply to BEAUMONT BOGGS, Broad st., P.O. Box 128.
dec16-1m

MUNICIPAL ELECTION

The Mayor and Aldermen.

Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said electors at the City Hall, on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1894, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor and Aldermen.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows: The candidate shall be nominated in writing, the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m., of the day of nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on Thursday, the 11th day of January, 1894:

For Mayor, at the Police Court Room, City Hall.

For Aldermen of the North Ward, in Room No. 5 and 6 at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street.

For Aldermen for the Central Ward, at Burn's Block, Bastion Square.

For Aldermen for the South Ward, at No. 27 Government Street, being on the east side.

Of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

The polls will be opened at 8 a.m. and close at 4 p.m.

Given under my hand at Victoria this 2nd day of January, 1894.

W. K. BULL,
Returning Officer.

j2-td

MUNICIPAL ELECTION

Election for a Board of School Trustees.

Public Notice is hereby given to the electors of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, that I require the presence of the said electors at the City Hall, Victoria, on the 8th day of January, 1894, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing three persons as members of the Board of Trustees for Victoria City School District.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows: The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p.m. of the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary such poll will be opened on Thursday, the 11th day of January, 1894, for the election of the said Board, at numbers 3 and 4 at the Public Market Building, Cormorant Street, between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m., at which time and place each elector who is duly qualified to vote for Mayor for the City of Victoria, and who if liable has paid the Provincial Revenue Tax of three dollars for the year 1894, will be entitled to cast his vote for three candidates for members of the Board of School Trustees, but may only give one vote for any one candidate; of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at Victoria this 2nd day of January, 1894.

W. K. BULL,
Returning Officer.

j2-td

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor
Successors to Lockhart & Co.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to traffic until further notice: Maclure street from south side of Belleville Street to the Public Park, also the north end of Park Street at its junction with Maclure.

By order,
E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer

S. A. STODDART
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25,
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

One small fire proof safe for sale very cheap

W. J. STODDART.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street,
Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 47 Third street Victoria

Nicola Valley Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on Wednesday, the 10th January, 1894, addressed to the undersigned for the construction of this Company's Railway from Spence's Bridge to Nicola Lake.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the undersigned at the company's office, 161 Cordova street, Vancouver, and no tender will be considered unless made on such form.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

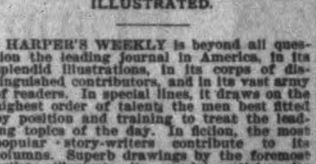
J. W. McFARLAND,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 4th, 1893. d7-td

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

THE GREAT



Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.
Hudyan stops Prematureness of the discharge in 20 days.
Cures

BEFORE LOST AFTER
MANHOOD

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Prematureness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness and hereditary. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of the old firm of Hudson Medical Institute, it is the strongest vitalizer made, it is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $5.00 a package or 6 packages for $25.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of charge. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

1894.

Harper's Weekly.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S WEEKLY is beyond all question the leading journal in America, in its splendid illustrations, in its corps of distinguished contributors, and in its vast army of readers. In special lines, it draws on the highest order of talents; the men best fitted by position and training to treat the leading topics of the day. In fiction, the most popular story-writers contribute to its columns. Superb drawings by the foremost artists illustrate its special articles, its stories, and every notable event of public interest; it contains portraits of of the distinguished men and women who are making the history of the time, while special attention is given to the Army and Navy, Amateur Sport, and Music and the Drama, by distinguished experts. In a word, Harper's Weekly combines the newest features of the daily paper and the artistic and literary qualities of the magazine with the solid critical character of the review.

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Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
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HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

The volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order.

Bound volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or any express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. **Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.** I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.

They do not nauseate or sicken and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 2 cents.

LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-f-87

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Greydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

by20

An Anecdote of Lincoln.

Albert Jasper Conant was the first to paint a portrait of Abraham Lincoln, which he did between the martyr president's election and inauguration, and in his contribution gives his recollections of Mr. Lincoln. The matter in this article has, of course, never appeared in any form, and the following extract from the many interesting anecdote will be of general interest:

"Among the incidents of his earlier life which Mr. Lincoln related on that occasion none was, to me, so interesting and suggestively impressive as that one simple event which, although happening in the ordinary course of trivial business transactions, nevertheless became the pivotal point of his life, and, in fact, so to speak, the regeneration of his own being. This is the way he told the story:

"One day a man who was migrating to the west drove up in front of my store with a wagon which contained his family and household plunder. He asked me if I would buy an old barrel, for which he had no room in his wagon, and which he said contained nothing of special value. I did not want it, but to oblige him I bought it, and paid him, I think, half a dollar for it. Without further examination I put it away in the store and forgot all about it. Some time after, in overhauling things, I came upon the barrel, and emptying it upon the floor to see what it contained, I found at the bottom of the rubbish a complete edition of 'Blackstone's Commentaries.' I began to read those famous works, and I had plenty of time, for during the long summer days, when the farmers were busy with their crops, my customers were few and far between. The more I read—this was said with unusual emphasis—the more intensely interested I became. Never in my whole life was my mind so thoroughly absorbed. I read until I devoured them. In the succeeding fall I was appointed a delegate to the Whig convention, which met at Springfield, where I was called upon for a speech. After the adjournment Judge —— said to me: 'Mr. Lincoln, why don't you practice law?' I replied that I had never thought of doing so, as I had never studied law. 'But,' said the judge, 'you have eminent qualifications for a lawyer, and if you come to Springfield and read law in the office of —— (naming the firm) for six months, at the next term of the court, in the spring, I will admit you to the bar.' This opened up a new life to me. I sold out my grocery store, came here, studied law for six months with the firm named, and at the next term of the court was admitted to the bar.'"

A pretty woman may increase her charms by clearing her skin of sallowness and disfiguring eruptions. Eeeljay's Liver Lozenges. 25 cents.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1893.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
SINKING FUNDS.		**Loans.**	
Water Works Loan By-law, 1873	$61,226 25	Water Works, 1873	$ 92,500 00
Water Works Amendment Act, 1875	44,600 15	Water Works, 1875	50,000 00
Water Works Loan By-law, 1877	10,546 29	Water Works, 1877	20,000 00
Corporation By-Law, 1878	13,480 25	Corporation, 1878	20,000 00
Public Lighting By-Law, 1885	5,380 35	Public Lighting, 1885	16,000 00
Drainage By-Law, 1885	1,084 70	Drainage, 1885	5,000 00
Water Works By-Law, 1886	12,193 60	Water Works, 1886	75,000 00
Streets and Bridge By-Law, 1886	3,463 60	Streets and Bridges, 1886	50,000 00
Johnson street sewer By-Law, 1888	2,146 20	Water Works, $70,000, 1889	70,000 00
Water Works By-Law, 1888	1,434 45	Water Works, $60,000, 1889	60,000 00
Streets, Bridges and Cemetery By-law, '89	3,901 40	Johnson Street Sewer, 1888	30,000 00
Water Works $70,000 By-law, 1889	6,059 85	Water Works, 1888	20,000 00
Water Works $60,000 By-law, 1889	5,198 40	Pleasure Grounds, 1889	25,000 00
Pleasure Grounds By-law, 1889	2,164 25	Fire Department, 1889	15,000 00
Fire Department By-law, 1889	1,275 25	Streets, Bridges and Cemetery, 1889	45,000 00
Flour Mills Bonus By-law, 1889	1,168 51	Flour Mill Bonus, 1889	10,000 00
City Hall Addition By-law, 1890	3,120 42	City Hall Addition, 1890	35,000 00
Cemetery By-law, 1890	1,113 25	Cemetery, 1890	12,500 00
Sewerage By-law, 1890	8,321 10	Sewerage, 1891	300,000 00
Public Market Site By-law, 1890	1248 35	Public Market Site, 1890	45,000 00
Public Market Building By-law, 1890	1,525 32	Public Market Building, 1890	55,000 00
Crematory By-law, 1890	657 51	Crematory, 1890	10,000 00
Agricultural Association By-law, 1891	1,404 80	Agricultural Association, 1891	25,000 00
Loan, City of Victoria Act, 1892	6,809 60	City of Victoria Act, 1892	188,000 00
Street Loan By-law, '92	164 95	Street Loan, 1892	25,000 00
Surface Drains By-law, 1893	1,257 90	Surface Drains, 1893	125,000 00
Educational Loan By-law, 1893	377 60	Education, 1893	85,000 00
	$201,915 21		$1,509,000 00
City of Victoria Act, 1892, Debentures On Municipal Taxes and Fees Outstanding—	6,000 00	Deposits for use of streets	190 00
Land and Improvement Tax	46,518 85	Contract deposit account	5,480 91
Board of Health Special Rate	11,919 62	Bank of B. N. America—City of Victoria Act, '92	6,458 13
Trades Licenses	1,575 00	Water Works current account	165,146 56
Fire Insurance Tax	1,025 00	Interest coupons not presented	1,172 50
Water Rents & Rates	10,072 91	Unfinished contracts—Board of Health	1,254 00
Market Rents, etc.	328 20	Surface drains	31,284 25
Liquor Licenses	100 00	Contracts let for sidewalks, street crossings and signs, and fire engine repairs	1,926 00
Cemetery Fees	52 50		34,464 25
	71,592 08		
B.C. Land and Investment Agency—Loan, City of Victoria Act	370 96		
B.C. Corporation, Ld.—Crematory Loan	10,543 86		
J. Gosnell	59 98		
Bank of B.N.A.—General Account	2,437 08		
Sewerage Loan By-law, 1891	35 85		
Sewerage Deposit By-law, 1891	54 35		
Educational Loan By-law, 1893	45,272 66		
Contract Deposit Account	5,480 91		
Surface Drains Loan By-laws, 1893	58,371 06		
Board of Health Fund	18,513 44		
	130,165 75		
Cash on hand	3,015 96		
Corporation of the City of Victoria, Being In Excess of Liabilities Over Assets	1,298,248 97		
	$1,721,912 37		$1,721,912 37

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.
Victoria, B.C., January 5, 1894.

CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE, 1893.

RECEIPTS.

January 1 to December 31, 1893.

Cash on hand January 1, 1893	$ 63 35	
Balance at Bank of British North America January 1, 1893	1,375 35	
Land and Improvement Tax	126,910 58	
Water Rents and Rates	54,041 27	
Trades Licenses	20,527 35	
Liquor Licenses	18,840 00	
Revenue Tax	13,332 00	
Fire Insurance Co's Tax	10,125 00	
Police Court Fines and Fees	4,584 50	
Road Tax	3,064 00	
Cemetery Fees	3,078 00	
Dog Tax	488 70	
Pound Fees	341 00	
Provincial Government Refund under Sec. 109, Mun. Act, 1892	1,276 26	
Provincial Government in aid of Fire Department	250 00	
Provincial Government Education per capita grant (6 months)	8,099 84	
Market Rents and Fees	2,188 10	
Miscellaneous Receipts	2,701 30	
Interest from investment of Sinking Funds	6,865 73	
Interest on Contract Deposit Account	206 55	
	$339,198 88	
Board of Health Fund	65,608 87	
Interest on Board of Health Fund	63 90	
	$404,871 65	

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

EXPENDITURE.

Summary of Expenditure from 1 January to 31 December, 1893.

I.—City Debt	$112,778 71
II.—Municipal Council	5,258 12
III.—Civic Salaries	74,300 76
IV.—City Institutions, maintenance	47,941 14
V.—Buildings and Surveys	9,101 49
VI.—Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks	26,110 04
VII.—Miscellaneous	25,282 45
VIII.—Education	32,746 87
	$333,519 58
IX.—Board of Health, sp. fund	57,159 33
	$390,678 91

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.

CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

DETAILED EXPENDITURE.

Statement showing the expenditure for 1893 as Brought to Account in the Treasury of the City of Victoria from January 1 to December 31st, 1893:

I. City Debt—		
Interest on Debentures	$70,102 90	
Interest under Annual Loan By-law, 1893	2,169 17	
	$ 72,272 07	
Payments to Sinking Funds	27,379 48	
Interest Accrued from the Investment of Sinking Funds	6,865 73	
	34,245 21	
Brokerage and Exchange	261 43	
	$112,778 71	
II. Municipal Council—		
The Mayor	$ 2,000 00	
The Aldermen	3,258 12	
	$ 5,258 12	
III. Civic Salaries—		
Treasurer's Office	4,580 00	
City Clerk's Office	3,104 73	
Assessor's Office	2,760 00	
Janitor	780 00	
Temporary Assistance—All Departments	505 50	
Water Works	4,020 00	
Public Works	11,478 25	
Cemetery	1,109 00	
Park	840 00	
Police	23,250 85	
Fire Department	18,117 43	
Library	780 00	
Pound	915 00	
Home for the Aged and Infirm	900 00	
Public Market	960 00	
Street Lighting	4,020 00	
	$74,300 76	
IV. City Institutions (Maintenance)—		
Water Works	$16,124 85	
Cemetery	282 97	
Pound	94 95	
Park	600 13	
Police	4,389 90	
Fire Department	6,938 55	
Library	177 85	
Street Lighting	6,744 77	
Home for Aged and Infirm—Public Market	309 37	
Sewerage	5,969 30	
Sewerage Flush Tanks	2,350 94	
	$47,941 14	
V. Buildings and Surveys—		
City Hall Repairs	$ 408 64	
Market Property	282 20	
Fire Halls	289 12	
Electric Light Building	35 00	
Furniture	175 91	
Defining Streets and City Boundaries	457 35	
City Hall Addition	5,579 27	
Ross Bay House Repairs	1,464 00	
	$ 9,101 49	
VI. Streets, Bridges and Sidewalks—For All Purposes	$26,110 04	
VII. Miscellaneous—		
Election Expenses	998 71	
Advertising and Printing	5,076 01	
Stationery	907 35	
Postage	287 45	
Telegrams	56 75	
Telephone Service	1,201 20	
Fuel and Light	2,098 30	
Carriage and Express Hire	161 50	
Fire Insurance	1,297 00	
Legal Advisers' Annual Retaining Fee	500 00	
Legal Expenses	1,473 50	
Refunds	402 93	
Charitable Aid Fund	561 50	
Fund to Aid Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital	2,000 00	
Celebration of Queen's Birthday	1,000 00	
Preliminary Expenses Local Improvement By-law	123 25	
Victoria City Official Map Act	776 50	
Commission on Revenue Collections	1,270 48	
B.C. Agricultural Association Grant in Aid of an Exhibition to be Held in 1893, at or adjoining to the City	3,000 00	
Miscellaneous Not Detailed	1,972 02	
	$25,282 45	
VIII. Education—		
Amount Payable to Provincial Government to 30th June, 1893	$ 7,800 59	
Board of School Trustees	9,536 28	
Teachers' Salaries 1st July to 31st December, 1893	15,410 00	
	$32,746 87	
IX. Board of Health—		
Salaries	$ 3,223 26	
T. F. Sinclair, Contract for Removal of Garbage	8,395 00	
Darcy Island Station for Lepers	577 91	
Sub-sections 54-5, Section 25, Victoria District	9,350 00	
Isolation Hospital Buildings, Fencing, Furniture, Hydrant, Clearing Land, Grading, etc.	19,656 28	
Sanitary Office	850 00	
For All Other Purposes	5,706 88	
	$47,159 33	

Details of Miscellaneous Receipts in Revenue Returns—

Street Lines and Grades	$ 105 00
Pensions from Three Inmate of Home for Aged and Infirm	111 87
Rent of Land, "A. C. Howe"	75 00
Rent of Land W. McDowell	20 00
Darcy Island Lepers—	
Department of Agriculture	$1,000 00
City of Vancouver	190 23
Provincial Government	26 80
	1,217 03
Sale of Catalogues, etc., Library	30 00
T. Deasy, sale of Horses	94 50
A. McLean, Damage to Streets	40 00
Mount Baker Hotel Co., for Lead and Fuse	146 00
Sale of Hay from Park	77 00
Sale of Tenets to E. B. Marvin & Co	382 50
Penalty Under Section 71, Municipal Act, 1892—	
M. Miller	$50 00
J. Baker	50 00
A. Henderson	50 00
	150 00
Corporate Seal	3 00
Searching Minutes	25
Scrap Iron Sold Victoria Iron Wks	36 00
Cash Found on Body of W. Dayell, deceased, buried at expense of city	4 65
Drivers' Licenses	36 00
Wages due R. McDougall, deceased, buried at expense of city	16 00
Registration of Vehicles	100 00
Plumbers' Licenses	5 25
Cash Withdrawn From Special Deposit for "Home for the Aged"	42 75
	$2,701 39

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Crematory By-Law.

1893.			
Jan. 1—Balance on hand this date	$10,410 46	Paid Interest on Coupons	$ 500 00
Accrued interest	633 46	Balance on hand 31st Dec., 1893	10,543 86
	$11,043 86		$ 11,043 86

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1891.

1893.			
Jan. 1.—Balance on hand this date	$18,804 46	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893	$19,714 37
Cash received under authority of the City of Victoria Act, 1892	668 99	Balance on hand 31st December, 1893	90 20
Accrued interest	331 12		
	$19,804 57		$19,804 57

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the City of Victoria Act, 1892.

1893.			
Jan. 1—Balance on hand this date	$ 3,367 70	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893, under authority of sub-sec. A, Sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	$ 9,257 30
Accrued interest	17 69	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893, under authority of sub-sec. C, Sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	82 06
Dec. 31—Balance due B. of B.N.A.	6,458 13	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893, under authority of sub-sec. E, Sec. 2, City of Victoria Act, 1892	133 20
		Balance on deposit, B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Dec. 31, 1893	370 96
	$ 9,843 52		$ 9,843 52

Debentures to the amount of $6,000, bearing date 15th December, 1893, have been issued under authority of the City of Victoria Act, 1892, and are still in the hands of the City Treasurer.

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Street Loan By-Law, 1892.

1893.			
Jan. 1—Balance on hand this date	$ 12,222 77	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893	$ 12,287 12
Accrued interest	64 35		
	$ 12,287 12		$ 12,287 12

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Surface Drains By-Law, 1893.

Amount of bonds sold	$125,000 00	Discount on bonds	$ 957 20
Pipe sold	52 74	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893	67,084 68
Accrued interest	2,260 50	Balance on hand 31st Dec., 1893	58,371 06
	$127,313 24		$127,313 24

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.
Loan under authority of the Educational Loan By-Law, 1893.

Amount of bonds sold	$85,000 00	Discount on bonds	$ 667 19
Accrued Interest	752 17	Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1893	39,812 32
		Balance on hand 31st Dec., 1893	45,272 66
	$85,752 17		$85,752 17

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

BALANCE SHEET, BROAD STREET LOCAL IMPROVEMENT, DEC. 31, 1893.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
B. C. Land Investment Agency	$ 1,091 92	Loan	$10,788 00
Bank B. N. America	358 73		
Corporation of Victoria, being excess of liabilities over assets	9,337 35		
	$10,788 00		$10,788 00

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

Victoria, B.C., January 5, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Broad Street Local Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1892.

Received from sale of debentures	$ 10,788 00	Discount on debentures	$ 447 78
" " assessments	2,510 12	Total cost of extension of Broad St. from Pandora to Cormorant Street	10,958 94
Accrued interest	73 65	Interest on debentures	514 40
		Balance on hand Dec. 31, 1893	1,450 65
	$ 13,371 77		$ 13,371 77

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR, Auditor.

City Hall, 4th January, 1894.
CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Difficulties of Indentification.

During the progress of a recent murder trial in New York medical witnesses testified it would be impossible to identify the remains of the deceased after burial for three months, without embalming. Also that it was impossible to determine whether poison found in a dead body had been ingested before or after death.

Dr. Herold testified that in one case occurring in his duty as a coroner's physician, the body, lying in a police station, was claimed during the evening by three different women, each identifying the dead man by means of a photograph as her husband, and it turned out that neither of them was the wife of the dead man. He had been dead 45 minutes.

In another case a woman identified her dead husband in a station house, and then went home to find him safe and asleep in bed.

In another case a widow buried the body of her husband, but the real husband turned up alive and well three months later.

The witness said the first putrefaction changes were found in the face within two hours after death.

House Ventilation.

I think if an instrument could be invented which would register the impurities in the atmosphere we should all open our windows when it marked "vile." The worst of our heaven-bestowed instrument of detection, our organ of smell is that it gets quite out of order if long in an impure atmosphere, and does not record correctly. Now fancy for a moment what the air must be in a living room in any ordinary farmer's or mechanic's dwelling in the middle of winter. The stove has been burning night and day for months. The windows are corked up, the windows are "listed" even, possibly. There is cooking and there is eating and there is smoking going on, and there are at night one or more kerosene lamps burning actively for hours. And underneath all there is that arsenal of woe, the cellar, filled perhaps with spoiled potatoes and other decaying vegetable matter.

Now, where is this air to go to, and how is fresh air to come in to take its place? How can human beings stand breathing that sort of atmosphere? The men have the best of it, for they have most of them to go out into the open air, whether they want to or not, but their wives and daughters usually have to stay in and do the work of the house, without having air enough to fill their lungs, and it is no wonder that their blood is impoverished and that their organs, one and all, lose strength. It is an unnatural and monstrous life, and it is not to be wondered at that feeble children are born of the mothers who have to lead it. I especially pity my country sisters in their hot, low rooms, doing work at such a disadvantage. It is like making bricks without straw.

I pity my sisters too who equally defy the laws of health in dress, diet and air. But now I am talking to the country ones, and this is what I say: Heaven never meant you to lead such lives or breathe such air. You are killing yourselves by inches, and it is quite in your own hands to prevent it. You have bricked up your chimneys and bought your stoves, and that probably can't be helped, but you can take the stuffing out of the windows and get ventilators for them and make it a duty to air the room several times a day. And buy some thermometers—thermometers are very cheap—and put one in every room, and when it gets to 68 degrees open the doors and windows and keep the temperature down to that.

Don't sit in a draught—that is fatal—but open the windows and go out of the room and come back to it when it is fresh. The more devitalized the air is the less it harms you. Sixty-eight degrees of good air warms you more than 78 degrees of vitiated air does. People on the other side of the ocean think they cannot breathe when the thermometer gets above 60 degrees. I wonder what they would think of our rooms and of our railways cars? Americans think they can stand any heat. They certainly have become insensible to it. It is difficult to make a place "too hot" for them.

"A little bilious?" This may lead to serious illness. Get a box of Beeljay's Liver Lozenges at once. 25 cents at druggists

The Nicola Valley Railway Company

"NICOLA"

Preliminary Notice.

This company has secured a block of land near the junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers for the purpose of a townsite, and so soon as the contract for the work of construction of this railway is entered into it is proposed to lay out this land as a town and place a portion of the lots upon the market.

The ONLY station in the vicinity of the Junction of the Coldwater and Nicola rivers will be placed within the boundaries of this block and the town surrounding it will be called

"NICOLA"

J. W. McFARLAND,
Sec.-Treas.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 27th, 1893.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION, 1894.

To the Electors and Delegates who asked me to become a Candidate for Mayor of the City of Victoria for the Year 1894.

Gentlemen,—Believing that but a certain few attend public meetings, and that certain others almost religiously stay away from public meetings, it has occurred to me that it will be impossible for any candidate in the short time before election to personally talk to the majority of the voters; therefore I have resolved to—through the medium of the press—put forward my views on a few subjects which may be considered important, in order that all may be made fully aware of my sentiments.

First, Sewerage—With reference to sewerage, I believe that the true interests of the city imperatively demand a complete system of sewerage. I should therefore use every effort to carry out to completion the present separate system.

Taxation—With regard to the difficult problem of taxation, my best efforts will be to secure the lowest rate compatible with the true interests of the city. Why a fine should be imposed on any person making improvements I cannot see.

I would also aim at economical and efficient expenditure of city funds, which I am quite sure is not done at present, money continuously being wasted through various causes.

I take the positive stand that the conduct of municipal affairs coming before the mayor and aldermen must be kept entirely distinct from politics.

Water Supply—This important and long neglected matter should receive attention. Portions of the water shed, now a source of danger, should be acquired by the city, the whole lake fenced in, vegetable matter removed from Beaver lake, the dam improved so that the water now running to waste, should be stored, filters constructed, etc. The reckless waste of water by consumers should be stopped. If these matters are attended to the ratepayers will get all the water wanted, as well as pressure for all purposes.

James Bay—I am in favor of building a permanent roadway full width of Government street and securing from parties who have the necessary earth etc., an undertaking to deposit the same therein until the whole bed is filled at as little cost as possible to the city. This would make a grand improvement, form a large amount of property, which could be leased out and room made to return a magnificent income to the corporation, furnish employment for a large number of men and cost the taxpayers but a comparatively trifling sum.

Another thing to which I wish to call your attention is the manner in which a large number of voters are annually disfranchised. I contend that every voter should, on demand, be presented by the proper officer with a detailed statement of his indebtedness, and upon payment of the same receive a receipt in full of all demands, and not in the end, after paying possibly hundreds of dollars, find that the omission of some minor thing has robbed him of all voice in the affairs of the city.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servant,
JOHN TEAGUE.

THE MAYORALTY.

To the Electors of Victoria:

I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election as Mayor, and respectfully solicit your support.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

28th November, 1893.

MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,
JOHN TEAGUE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27th, 1893. n27-td

To the Electors of North Ward:

Ladies and gentlemen—At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends and voters, I offer myself as a candidate for the above ward at the forthcoming election and solicit your votes and influence.

j6-td W. J. DWYER.

To the Electors of Central Ward:

At the request of a number of ratepayers, I beg to announce myself as a candidate for Alderman in the Central Ward, and respectfully solicit your support. I have the honor to be your obedient servant,

WM. HUMPHREY.

6th Jan., 1894. (Colonist copy.)

THE JUDGES the WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION Have made the HIGHEST AWARDS

(Medals and Diplomas) to

WALTER BAKER & CO.

On each of the following named articles:

BREAKFAST COCOA,
Premium No. 1, Chocolate,
Vanilla Chocolate,
German Sweet Chocolate,
Cocoa Butter.

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

WALTER BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

THE WEEKLY TIMES
THE WEEKLY TIMES
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.—

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 432.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Pigard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pigard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy3 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 130, G.R.B. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFEIFFERER, oct8 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. R. C. SMITH, secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Jobbing promptly attended at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE. 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Ghaes Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 93½ Douglas Street.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO., The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - - Manager

If Others Failed To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.

C. TH. LUNDQUIST, Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,

Split-second, repeaters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

The undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted on behalf of schooners Venture, Penelope, W. P. Sayward, or otherwise, without his written order. D. URQUHART. January 6th, 1894. j6-1w

AMUSEMENTS.

A. O. F. DANCE will be held on Tuesday, January the 16th IN ASSEMBLY HALL.

Tickets may be obtained from the following: H. Walter, Speed Bros., Watson & Hall, A. B. Erskine and members of committee. Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman, $1.50. j6-td

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Monday and Tuesday Evenings, January 8 & 9

The Inimitable Legitimate Irish Comedian MR. DAN'L SULLY, In two of the funniest Comedies ever written.

MONDAY EVENING, CON CONROY THE CONGRESSMAN

TUESDAY EVENING, THE (NEW) CORNER GROCERY

New Songs, New Dances, Novel Specialties. Seats, $1, 75c. and 50c., now on sale at Jamieson's.

THEATRE ROYAL (PHILHARMONIC HALL.) AS FAMILY THEATRE.

SCOTT McALLISTER....Business Manager. WILL CHAPMAN.....Stage Manager.

Every Evening at 8. Saturday, Matinee at 2.

MONDAY, TUESDAY, Jan. 8-9 The Melo-Drama Shadows of a Great City

Wednesday, Jan. 10, "JACK O' DIAMONDS,"

Prices, 25c., 35c. and 50c. Matinee 10c., 20c. and 30c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's bookstore. d22-1m

Tenders for Stock.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th January, for the purchase of the stock in trade of S. L. Kelly & Co., consisting of hardware, stoves, fittings, etc. Inspection of the stock and inventory can be had upon application. Dated this 29th day of December, 1893. THORNTON FELL, Solicitor for the Mortgagee. d29-td

DR. LEITCH. Office, Williams' Block, 28 Broad Street; residence 129 Quadra Street; telephone, 181.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Medical Examinations

The next Examination of the British Columbia Medical Council will take place in the City of Victoria, on Tuesday, 9th day of January Next

Full particulars by applying to G. L. MILNE, dec27-2w Registrar and Sec'y.

PUBLIC MEETING.

Robert Beaven and the candidates for the Aldermanic Board for the year 1894 will address the electors at the City Hall on Wednesday evening, the 10th day of January, 1894.

Mr. Teague is invited to be present and address the meeting.

The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock. Jan. 6.-td.

The Japanese Bazaar

Twenty Cases New Goods now Being Opened.

Also from PARIS, FRANCE,

A choice assorted case of beauti- | DOLLS fully dressed..... | DOLLS

FANS | Fashionable Feather and other FANS | Fans .....

The Finest quality only | KID GLOVES of ..... | KID GLOVES

CORSETS | from the world-renowned firm CORSETS | of H. Leprince, Paris.....

Sainsbury's Lavender Water. The sweetest and most lasting of Handkerchief Perfumes, to be had only of

T. S. FUTCHER, Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria. dec9

This is a food you can depend on Johnston's Fluid Beef. You cannot get as much nourishment in as small a compass in any other form.

For sale by Grocers and Druggists. Prepared by The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. j6m&w

WANTED—A Barber; apply 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

WANTED—Young girl to assist in care of child. Apply 45 Chatham Street, Spring Ridge. jan2-tf

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26-o11

SITUATIONS WANTED.

ENGLISH LADY, certificated teacher, musical, wishes for employment as daily governess. References given. Address X.Y.Z. Times office. j4-6t

BOARD AND LODGING.

TWO GOOD BEDROOMS and good housekeeping rooms to let adjoining Government buildings. At Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St. d19-tf

TWO GOOD BEDROOMS to let adjoining Government buildings. At Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St. dec19-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A bargain, house and lot on Third street, Work Estate, $1,300; terms, apply 35 Alfred street. j5-5t

FOR SALE—10 tons A1 Seed Oats; also a lot of fine feed oats. Apply Stall 17, Market. Jan4-1w

FOR SALE—Royal Saloon. Apply at 40 Quadra street. j3-1m

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—A blacksmith's shop. Apply 103 Yates street. j4-4t

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf (Colonist copy.)

FOR RENT—That beautifully situated residence, on MacGregor Avenue, containing 8 rooms, bath and closets. This house commands one of the best views in Victoria. Apply to Ewen Morrison, Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.'s Office. d26-1m

TO LET—A residence of twelve rooms. Occupied recently for lodging and boarding house, 136 Johnson street, containing a cellar of one hundred feet long, with walls three feet wide and nine feet high, of solid stone, with a fine malt kiln of iron and brick in the rear of the cellar, directly at the side of Bunster's brewery; the kiln could be used either for malting or other drying purposes. Rent to suit the times. Apply upon the premises to Mr. John Leahy for information. The residence can be had separately from the cellar, which is suitable for any kind of dry storage, having a cement floor and perfectly dry, etc. d23

TO LET—Nine-roomed 2-storey house; large garden; near sea and cars; rent low. 224 Simcoe street, between Montreal and St. Lawrence streets, James Bay. d21-1m

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30x65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 2, S.W. corner of Five Sister Block, 2nd flat, Fort street. o10-tf

SUITS TO ORDER—from $16.00 up, at 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

PANTS TO ORDER—from $4.00 up, at 101 Douglas St. Jan4-tf

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER, 72 Yates street. Oc.17

The Daily Times.

THE MAYOR'S RESPONSIBILITY.

The Times on Saturday ventured to remark that "it is a great mistake to represent the mayoralty as all-important in the line of civic government," by way of reminding the citizens that they should give attention to the aldermen as well as to the mayor. Our worthy neighbor's comment on this displays the customary eccentricity. It says:

We suspect that the editor of the Times has not studied the Municipalities Act, 1892, very closely, for if he had he would have found that the "mayoralty" is of very great importance in the line of civic government.

We may rejoin that the editor of the Colonist has paid very little attention to the meaning of words, or he would know that there is a decided difference between the phrases "all-important" and "of very great importance." If he looks a little more closely into the matter he will find that the Times' proposition and his own do not conflict in any way. By way of showing that the mayor is solely responsible for the present condition of the city the Colonist quotes two clauses of the municipal act bearing on the mayor's powers. This seems to us a waste of time, space and printer's ink. The most ignorant ratepayer knows that the mayor, of his own authority, cannot order sewers to be dug, water pipes to be laid, streets to be paved or sidewalks to be constructed. We should like to know what the suspension of officials or the "direction of the method of management of the corporation business and affairs" has to do with these things. Mr. Teague, if mayor, might suspend the whole staff at the city hall without securing any of the desired improvements. The mayor, we are told, has been the "managing director" of the city for two years, and therefore should be held responsible for everything that is wrong. Perhaps the Colonist will tell us of a case in which the managing director of a company has been held solely responsible for the joint acts of himself and his fellow-directors. We know of none. The Colonist's doctrine is in fact too nonsensical to be condisered seriously. If it were correct the obvious conclusion would be that there is no use for aldermen at all, since the mayor runs the whole affair himself. If the Colonist will only reflect calmly for a moment it may realize how ridiculous its position is. Mr. Teague, we should think, would feel none too grateful for the support of an advocate whose absurd claims and contentions are calculated to make him a laughing-stock among the electors. There would be a possibility of harm in them as well, if the Colonist possessed any influence, for it would be a misfortune to have the mayoralty contest engross the attention of the citizens, leaving the aldermen completely out of mind.

SANITARY MATTERS.

Several matters of great importance to the city are dealt with in the report of Dr. George H. Duncan, medical health officer, which is published elsewhere in this issue. Dr. Duncan's remarks on the water supply are on the whole reassuring, though they indicate the desirability of a measure of improvement. It is satisfactory to know that the vegetable and other foreign matter in the water has not been productive of bad effects on the public health, but it is certainly to be wished that this matter should be removed. To that end all that appears necessary is more efficient filtering, and this year's council will doubtless supply this want at an early day. The citizens will cordially approve an action that will promise an improvement in the water supply at no very great expense.

What is said by Dr. Duncan in regard to the sanitation of Chinatown and the Chinese washhouses deserves careful attention. These might easily prove sources of epidemics, and no one will feel inclined to dispute the propriety of the health officer's recommendations. The same may be said of the observations on the treatment of vegetable gardens and milk farms. We completely agree with Dr. Duncan's views on sewerage matters. It is a little too late now to talk of changing the system, and as the separate system is a finality it should be carried out faithfully. We need add nothing to what we have previously said on the danger of treating surface drains as sewers, a practice that no modern sanitarian would uphold for an instant.

A public morgue is a necessity, as the health officer most clearly shows. The cost of providing a fit place need not be very heavy. Altogether, there is good reason to conclude that Dr. Duncan's views and recommendations are correct and that they should be acted upon by the council as far as lies in its power.

We should like to know where the Colonist discovered any signs of "undue excitement" over the "Vancouver Liar's" effort on which we commented on Friday. The Times devoted no more space to it than the Colonist. The effusion did us no harm, but it is surely within our privileges to express regret that any eastern paper should be imposed on by an unscrupulous news-monger. That was the extent of our "excitement," we believe, and the Colonist has been indulging in its favorite vice of exaggeration.

SINGLE TAX.

To the Editor:—In your issue of a recent date Mr. J. Jenkins has replied to statements and arguments uttered at the single tax meeting. Being honored by his kindly notice, I wish to suggest that when he quotes a speaker it is wise always to quote him correctly. For instance, I did not say that I thought it "unjust, idiotic and ridiculous that one man should help to educate another man's children." Those adjectives were only applied to the provincial revenue tax, reject the school tax, really a city poll tax. My views are quite the opposite. I think it wise, very wise, that the whole state, province or Dominion should burden itself with the education of every man's child; that national education is a national blessing and national ignorance is a national crime. Neither did I desire to "compel owners of land to pay all the taxes of everybody." I only wished an owner of land to pay all his own taxes; these, and nothing more.

I regret that Mr. Jenkins has learned so little of economic studies as to sneer at my assertion that "fire protection, police protection and even education added value to land. The most obtuse observer and dullard must see that this statement admits of no controversy.

Supposing the school board had the power and decided to close every school in the city for seven years, would corner residential lots sell for as much as now? If Mayor Beaven could and did remove every policeman from service in the city, would this city be a desirable place for visitors to visit or residents to reside? If there were no fire brigade would buildings be erected upon vacant lots so readily and would land be so valuable?

Come, Mr. Jenkins, think a little; give play to your perceptive and reasoning faculties, and you will find nothing very revolutionary in the suggestion to exempt improvements from taxation.

Yes, I do think licenses (trade) should be considered a relic of dark ages, and I have never heard, publicly or privately, any intelligent person seriously support them—only as a small means of revenue—and this is too trumpery an argument to be worth consideration.

The rest of Mr. J.'s letter is worthy of a reply, but your space would forbid my so doing, and, indeed, I stated at the meeting that I could only be considered as favoring single tax views in so far as believing that the "best method of raising a revenue is by a single tax on land values," and not as ardent Single Taxers believe, by absorbing the whole of the land value for civic or national purposes.

W. MARCHANT.

Aberdeen 5 Fly Yarn 25c. At Russell & McDonald's.

—The continual succession of boils, pimples and eruptions from which many suffer indicates an impure state of the blood. The most perfect remedy is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It expels the poison harmlessly through the natural channels and leaves the skin clean and clear.

Regular Annual Dry Goods Sale At Russell & McDonald's.

ON SANITARY MATTERS.

Report of Dr. Duncan, Medical Health Officer, to Council.

SOME IMPORTANT RECOMMENDATIONS

Water Supply and Sewerage—Sanitation of Chinatown—The Chinese Laundries—Sewage in Gardens.

Victoria, B.C., Dec. 13th, 1893.

To His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen:

Gentlemen,—Since my last report I have had opportunities which at that time I did not possess, my appointment having been but a recent one, of informing myself of the actual sanitary condition of the city by practical acquaintance with it.

In the first place, let me draw your attention to the water supply, which is one of the prime essentials to the maintenance of the public health, and second only to an efficient sewerage sytem. As to its quality, a microscopic examination would show, no doubt, the presence at times of various forms of bacteria, but perhaps the highest test of its purity, on the whole, is shown in its effect upon the health of the consumers. It will no doubt appear strange to many to learn that even in midsummer, when the largest amount of vegetable and foreign matter is found in it, the effect upon human health has not been noticeable, even in the presence of an epidemic of diarrhoea. The epidemic of dysentery in August last was confined chiefly to the extremes of age, and such epidemics occur annually in all cities, even in those famed for the excellence of their water supply.

The occasional outbreak of infectious diseases and the liability of their recurrence owing to the sanitary condition of Chinatown, has been previously spoken of. Much has been done in house to house inspection and in the prevention of overcrowding, but constant vigilance in this direction is the price of public freedom from disease. We cannot be too exacting upon this class of alien residents. Since I came into office I have been called upon to deal with thirteen cases of smallpox, principally among Chinese, the location of whom entailed a great amount of labor. One of these was traced from house to house for ten days, and was finally discovered with the assistance of Superintendent Hussey of the Provincial Police in a barn at Saanich at 3 a.m. He was taken to the pest house and the barn was burned. The suspects in the various Chinese houses were taken in the early morning to the station and treated as such. In one of these shacks no less than 25 Chinamen were found. As showing the risk encountered by those employing Chinese in their houses and who let them sleep out, I may say I was called upon by a man and his wife seeking information as to the cause of the absence of their cook. Inquiry showed he had slept in one of these apartments with the smallpox patient. All these 25 were employed in private houses. The miracle is that from this smallpox did not spread over the city.

Another source of danger lies in the fact that the Chinese are in the habit of gathering sewage matter from house to house, transferring it to enrich their market gardens, the vegetables produced being sold to our citizens. In some cases the soil must be impregnated with the germs of disease, typhoid particularly. It is an accepted fact that typhoid germs can be transmitted through uncooked vegetables, such as celery, onions, lettuce, etc., and some high authorities claim that cows grazing on land impregnated with germs are capable of disseminating these through their milk. Knowing this, and having cases of typhoid brought under my notice in Chinatown, I feel it incumbent on me to make the danger known.

To overcome this special danger a sewer should be laid through Cormorant street and householders compelled not only to alter their houses in accordance with sanitary methods, but to at once connect them with this outlet.

During the year great improvements in the sanitary condition of the city have been made, and under the operation of the new far-reaching health by-law still greater advancement may be expected. The appointment of a plumbing inspector was an excellent act of the mayor and council and will assist greatly.

Under existing conditions and with the small staff it has been impossible to perform sanitary inspection thoroughly and effectively. I would therefore suggest that, as in the case of many cities, the police be instructed to assist in this work more than they have hitherto done. The health by-law states that the police are to act as sanitary inspectors, but unless they in this particular are under direct control of the sanitary head, careful and systematic and effectual work cannot be expected from them. In a quiet city like ours their services could be utilized without trenching on their regular duties.

Since my last report the city has undertaken and carried to completion a new isolation hospital for infectious diseases. Should we be unfortunately threatened with smallpox or other epidemic diseases we are now in a position to protect the patients. No matter whether the ailment be measles, scarlet fever, diphtheria or small-pox, sufferers can be made much more comfortable than at their own homes, and at the same time be treated to much greater advantage without risk of spreading the infection among relatives, or the public, while the risk of damage to property through fumigation would be reduced to a minimum.

The citizens of Victoria are to be congratulated on this important departure, and I feel sure will appreciate the action of the mayor and council in this matter. The design of the buildings, which is that of Mr. Ridgeway-Wilson, was, before it was carried into effect, approved of at a meeting of the medical men of the city, provision having been made for the most perfect sewerage and ventilation. An additional wooden building was erected for Chinamen and Indians.

Dr. Hanington had a case of smallpox on the Songhees reserve, and at his suggestion he was given the use of our quarantine in which to treat the case, the Dominion government meeting all expense, and thus I believe preventing a panic in our city.

In consequence of the energetic action of Inspector Murray, a considerable number of old box-drains have been shut off and their would-be collections run into the sewer instead of the harbor.

The late Inspector Chipchase was also an excellent officer and the city owes him much in the matter of protection against small-pox. With watchfulness and care and the present excellent arrangements to meet small-pox we need not fear another epidemic. All that is now required is the hearty co-operation of the medical men and the citizens generally.

I regret exceedingly that the health department has had great difficulty in getting the medical men of the city to report their cases of infectious or contagious diseases. Why this should be the case I do not know. I have had frequently brought to my notice cases of typhoid and scarlet fever, and more particularly chicken pox, that had been treated by physicians of good standing, and yet no report of them had been made. A physician in answer to a question if he had any cases of diphtheria said: "No, except one, and he comes daily to my office to have his throat burned with silver nitrate." The sanitary inspector has received instructions to see that the law in this particular is carried out.

About the time diphtheria was epidemic in New Westminster several cases occurred here, but, fortunately, in each case isolated and quarantined and the disease stamped out.

The death rate this year has been low, but this should not lead us to cease the effort to make our health condition as perfect as possible.

A very important matter is the inspection of milk. During the summer an epidemic of cholera infantum occurred and in connection with this I made an official visit to the milk ranches to inspect the food and water supply and the stabling conditions of the cattle. I found that several of the ranches obtained their water supply from the creeks and ditches. This was at once stopped and the supply taken from the city or from wells.

A careful inspection of laundries has been made, and it was found that over 90 per cent. of the wash-houses were in a disgraceful condition. I would suggest that the municipal by-law be so amended that none could carry on the laundry business without having their wash-houses constructed in a manner satisfactory to the plumbing and sanitary inspectors.

I have in several occasions dwelt on the necessity of proper attention being paid to the drainage and sewerage of the city. We cannot in the interest of the public health or of commerce afford to remain at a standstill. Ours is a tourists' city. Its beautiful location and surroundings draw yearly a large number of this class of people among us. It is on the highroad to the Orient, Australia and Alaska, and these different lines bring us large numbers of the best class of tourists, people of wealth. We should then endeavor to make our city as beautiful and healthful as possible. All our business streets from Wharf up should be sewered, supplied with pipes and then paved, and the cab stand removed to some more suitable place.

In the matter of sewers I would say that since the separate system has been adopted it should be strictly adhered to, the pipes should be extended as soon as possible and no connections allowed with surface drains, whose object is an entirely different one. People along the line of public sewers should at once connect with them.

I would draw your attention to the fact that should the Cook street three-foot surface drain be allowed to empty into the 18-inch sewer pipe as at present a very dangerous nuisance to public health will inevitably result, for an overflow will take place and fœcal decomposing matter will spread over the surrounding low lands, producing vile and dangerous odors.

At the present time the city is in great need of a public morgue. Post mortem examinations are now held on the premises of the various undertakers, which, as you are aware, are situated in the centre of the city, certainly not choice spots for the examination for identification or otherwise of bodies advanced in decomposition. Residents in the immediate neighborhood have made complaints to the sanitary department about nuisances arising therefrom and investigation in each case has proven such to exist. There being no public morgue the department has had no power to act in the matter. I hope your honorable body will give this matter your careful consideration.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen, Your obedient servant, GEORGE H. DUNCAN, Medical Health Officer.

SPORTING CLUBS.

To the Editor: I see by the Home Journal of the 6th inst. there is a proposition on foot among the young men of this city to amalgamate some of the various amateur athletic and boxing clubs, and I must truly say they are "legion" for a city the size of Victoria. Why not call a meeting of some of the committees at once and see what can be done. The J. B. A. A. being the senior club, will they start the ball a-rolling, or will the Victoria Canoe club? I for one would hold up both hands to this end, because I would be (and there are a great number like me) dollars in pocket at the end of the season. The Home Journal's idea is a good one, but let us act on it. In "union" there is strength. SPORT. Victoria, Jan. 8.

Winnipeg Free Press: It ought to be known too that few "factories and industries" of a legitimate kind owe anything to the National Policy. Some monopolies have been created by it, and fostered into colossal combinations of extortion. But of legitimate industries, it is safe to say that the country would be much better off in respect to them if the National Policy had never been born. The Patrons will be well advised if they refuse all appearance of a compromise on the tariff question, and this is especially true of the Northwest Patrons. In their own interests, and in the interests of their children to come after them, they should take the simple ground that trade of all kinds should as soon as circumstances will permit be made free of every sort or degree of restriction not rendered absolutely necessary by the requirements of the public service.

Bargains in Dress Serge At Russell & McDonald's.

Prevent disease by keeping the system regular and the blood pure. Ecclay's Liver Lozenges. 25 cents at druggists.

Without Doubt

London Hospital Cough Cure is THE remedy for Coughs and Colds.

COCHRANE & MUNN,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—New plush mantel borderings at Weiler Bros., very pretty colors.

—Some new wall papers already received by Weiler Bros. are exceedingly fine.

—Just arrived, another consignment of the celebrated Regus cloth, for curtains and covering, at Weiler Bros.

—Account books, copying books and presses, offices supplies at the regular reduced prices at Johnston's book store.

Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Rev. J. E. Coombes lectured before the children of the First Presbyterian church Sunday afternoon on the World's Fair.

—Seventeen Chinese arrived in the city yesterday morning on the Kingston. They are in transit to their homes in China.

—At the meeting of the Young People's Association of the First Presbyterian church the "Irresponsible," the society's paper will be read.

—Mrs. C. Elliott has opened the London Lodging House after thorough renovation and now offers for rent rooms single or in suite at reasonable rates by the day or week.

—Messrs. Stadthagen & Garland, grocers, at 165 1-2 Douglas street, second house from Chatham street, have advertised their groceries one-third less than the price other grocers charge for their goods.

—The junior lacrosse team were banquetted Saturday night in a hall on Simcoe street, near Mr. Finlayson's house. The hall was handsomely decorated. There was vocal and instrumental music.

—At the Victoria theatre to-night Daniel Sully will appear in the new comedy, "Con Conroy the Congressman," which has made a decided hit all over the east. To-morrow evening will be presented, "The (new) Corner Grocery."

—Mr. G. J. Burnett, organist of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, has returned to the city and resumed his duties. He begs to notify his pupils that tuition will continue as usual next week at the studio, 93 1-2 Douglas street.

—A meeting at Duncan's on Saturday was held to consider the unsatisfactory state of the Cowichan river. Several gentlemen addressed the meeting and a resolution was adopted in consequence of which the meeting was adjourned to a later date.

—The meeting of the single tax club called for to-morrow, Tuesday, Jan. 9th, has been postponed till the 16th on account of the elections. The club has leased the upper flat of the Salmon block, which henceforth will be known as Single Tax Hall. It is expected that the next club meeting will be held in the new headquarters.

—The steamship Miowera may be repaired here. Arrangements have been made at Esquimalt and advices have been received that the new stern post will be sent here from England. The Miowera having been temporarily repaired, is taking a cargo of sugar from Honolulu to San Francisco. From there she will come here unless present plans are changed.

—George Henry Booth, a former Hudson Bay Company employee, and for many years cook and steward on the C. P. N. Company's steamers, died this morning at his home, Work street, Rock Bay, of hemorrhage of the lungs. He was a native of Portsmouth, England, aged 50. A widow, three daughters and a son, the latter in the Hudson Bay service, survive him. The funeral will take place on Wednesday.

—There was only a fair house at the Theatre Royal on Saturday night, the weather probably interfering with the attendance. The performance of "The Shadows" was a very creditable one, surpassing in merit that given by most of the travelling companies that appear here. Miss Brown, John Dunsdale, Margaret Marshall, W. M. Chapman, Andrew McKay and Scott McAllister all had parts which suited them admirably. The way the piece was staged was good considering the size of the stage.

—The new officers of Vancouver Encampment, I. O. O. F., were installed on Saturday evening by L. Mounce, grand patriarch, and his assistants, P. C. P., Joshua Holland, J. E. Phillips, M. McCahill; W. H. Huxtable, F. Carne, Jas. Pope and P. A. Graham. The new officers are: P. W. Dempster, C. P.; Thos. E. Waller, H. P.; Richard Drake, S.W.; Wm. E. Holmes, J. W.; H. Waller, scribe; J. W. Arnold, treasurer; W. S. Dempster, guide; M. Henderson, 1 W.; G. W. Beard, 2 W.; A. Sheret, 3 W.; J. Barnard, 4 W.; A. J. Jackson, 1 G. of T.; B. Deacon, 2 G. of T.; W. H. Huxtable, O. S.; and J. C. Hansen, I. S. After the installation a re-union banquet was held.

—The case of McConnell against Garvin and others has been adjourned until Thursday at 11 a. m.

—A man named Wilson was brought to the lockup by his friends last night. He had been on a protracted spree, and was acting in a peculiar manner.

—Special service will be held in the James Bay Methodist church at 7.45 this evening in connection with the World's Week of Prayer. The public generally are invited.

—Mrs. C. Elliott has opened the London Lodging House after thorough renovation and now offers for rent rooms single or in suite at reasonable rates by the day or week.

—The Brackman & Ker Milling Company will receive 100 tons of mill stuffs on the City of Kingston to-morrow morning, occupying nearly all the freight space of the boat.

—In the police court, Dan, Cape Mudge Indian, was fined $50 for having a bottle of whiskey in his possession. Frank, belonging to the same tribe, was fined $5 for being drunk.

—The case of Mohun vs. the corporation of Victoria is being heard before Mr. Justice Drake without a jury. Mr. Bodwell appears for the plaintiff and Messrs. Eberts and Taylor for the city.

—The public schools of the city were re-opened this morning with a large attendance of pupils. The new teachers and those promoted took charge of the classes to which they were recently appointed.

—Lawson, Lewis and Humphries, members of a very successful gang of burglars, and committed on two different counts of burglary, were tried in the speedy trials court this morning, and each was sentenced to three years' hard labor.

—The pastoral committee of the Calvary Baptist church, it is learned, are endeavoring to secure the services of the Rev. Mr. Gates of St John, N.B., to replace Rev. J. E. Coombes, resigned. Mr. Gates was once before invited to this pastorate.

—The benchers of the law society held their regular meeting to-day in the office of the secretary, J. P. Walls. There were present Hon. C. E. Pooley, Q. C., Hon. Theodore Davie, Q. C., Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C.; D. M. Eberts, Q. C.; L. G. McPhillips, Q. C., and E. A. Jenns.

—The members of the Loyal Orange lodges yesterday attended the funeral of the late Robert Tottenham. Funeral services were conducted at the R. E. church by Right Rev. Bishop Cridge. The pall bearers, all members of the Orange societies, were Messrs. Walsh, Tobin, Sherrit, McAfee, Wallis and Duncan.

—The remains of the late Chas. Little were yesterday conveyed to their last resting-place, Ross Bay cemetery. The funeral took place from F. Morrison's house, Rock Bay, the services being conducted by Rev. Hall. The pall bearers were: Messrs. Jones, Williams, McDram, Humber, Atwood and McBride.

Early yestrday morning the steamer Maude, Capt. Roberts, returned from the west coast. She passed through a heavy snow storm and coming down through Alberni canal had to make her way through ice, which extended five miles down. It is expected the British Columbia paper mill will be in operation in about a month. The buildings have all been erected and the machinery is now being placed in position. The following passengers came down: H. J. Kirkland, James Ward, W. H. Smith, Rev. Talt and J. Base.

—Tom James, the Indian policeman, was again arraigned in the police court this morning, charged with being drunk, and also with breaking in the door of the cabin of a klootchman. James pleaded not guilty, and the prosecution had not witnesses present to prove the charges. He was dismissed. Rumors greatly to the discredit of James have been in circulation for some time, so it was not much of a surprise when Superintendent Hussey, of the provincial police, who was in court, asked James to bring his police badge round to the provincial police office. Superintendent Hussey has investigated these rumors, and the dismissal is the result.

—The steamship Empress of India will sail for Japan and China this evening, leaving Vancouver on the arrival of the Pacific express. She will have a fair cargo, made up principally of flour and cotton. She will have 20 cabin passengers, 157 Chinese, and 6 Japanese. Her saloon passengers are: Mr. and Mrs. Wilks, of Galt, Ont.; Dr. and Mrs. Cross, of London, Eng.; C. E. Mason and party, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Stuart-Lockhart Hong Kong; Miss Gibbs, Eng.; Captain Camillon Riccheardi, Italy; Col. and Mrs. Vitcheley, Eng.; Captain and Mrs. Backley, Winnipeg; Rev. Syle Way, Ann Arbor. The Japanese are from Portland while the Chinese are from the following places: Victoria, 35; New York, 32; Boston, 5; Chicago, 8; St. Paul, 6; St. Louis, 2; Portland, 38; Seattle, 6; Vancouver, 25.

Ladies' Four Button Kid Gloves 50c.
At Russell & McDonald's.

Marine.

Steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco this morning bringing 85 tons of freight and 20 passengers for Victoria.

Steamer City of Puebla leaves for the south to-morrow.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.

The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic. These prices are for Xmas trade. Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

DEATH OF JAMES S. LAWSON.

He Conducted Important Surveys Here Years Ago for the U. S.

James S. Lawson, a member of the United States coast and geodetic survey, died in San Francisco on Nov. 27th last, but notice of his death was received in the city only a few days ago. He was a member of Columbia Royal Arch chapter No. 120 of this city, and acting for the United States government conducted some surveys of vital importance to British Columbia and Canada. T. C. Mendenhall, superintendent of the United States coast and geodetic survey, has issued the fololwing circular regarding him:

The superintendent announces with deep regret the death on Nov. 7th, 1893, in the city of San Francisco, Cal., of Assistant James S. Lawson after an illness of but two days.

Mr. Lawson was born in Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 13th, 1828, and entered the Central high school of Philadelphia in July, 1841, at which time Alexander Dallas Mache, afterward superintendent of the coast survey, was the principal. After his graduation in 1843 Mr. Lawson became a teacher of mathematics and the classics. On the 1st of January, 1848, he entered the survey as clerk and computer to the superintendent, Dr. Bache.

In May, 1850, he was assigned to duty on the Pacific coast, being one of four young officers who pledged themselves to do any duty, however difficult, incident to the survey of that coast. From that time forward for upwards of 40 years he was in active field service on all parts of the coast from the Strait of Fuca to San Diego, his principal field of work being in the present state of Washington, then a territory.

He aided in the survey of Washington archipelago to define the channels of the Canal de Haro and Rosario strait, in order to settle questions of dispute between the United States and Great Britain; he carried a triangulation across the Gulf of Georgia to the forty-ninth parallel of latitude to furnish data for the location of the United States boundary; and during two years in which an Indian war was in progress he assisted in carrying a triangulation from the Strait of Fuca through Puget Sound to Steilacoom. On and near the coast of California, among the many surveys he executed, may be mentioned the reconnoissance for a primary base line on Los Angeles Plains; determination of latitude in the scheme of triangulation which he developed from this base, and the primary triangulation of California north of Point Conception, a work which for several seasons was under his charge.

In the last three years of his service he was assigned to duty at the San Francisco sub-office, and in the absence of the assistant in charge took his place. He was at his desk until three days before his death.

The announcement of his death was a message of sorrow to numbers of warm friends on the Pacific coast and to every officer in the survey.

It is difficult to measure in words the worth of an officer who has served under so many varying conditions through a period covering nearly 46 years. A pioneer in the survey upon the Pacific coast, he saw the country of the Northwestern United States grow up to settlement and development from the wild holdings of Indian tribes, and in the course of his official duty had been no stranger to isolation, hardship and danger.

One of his colleagues writes of an "association with him of 27 years, from the time he entered his party as an aid, that he had learned to love him for his manhood, his integrity, and devotion to duty. With him warm friendship was not an empty phrase, and his character was one to compel the admiration of those whose privilege it was to know him intimately." Another wrote that "Lawson was of a peculiarly sensitive and retiring disposition, modest as to his official position and acquirements, earnest in doing his duty in every path of life, true as steel to his friends, loyal to the survey, and self-sacrificing to the call of the needy, a man who never compounded with conscience for selfish consideration."

His colleagues on the Pacific coast wrote that they "recognized in him a man of notable truth and purity of character, so modest and unassuming that only those who knew him long and well could justly appreciate his high character, his ability, and his true worth in all the relations of life."

T. C. MENDENHALL,
Superintendent.

Arrested for Smuggling.

Ernest Slim, freight clerk and ex-officio Northern Pacific express agent aboard the City of Kingston, well known here and among Puget Sound steamboat travelers, was arrested Saturday by Deputy Collector Dorsey. He is charged with smuggling from British Columbia 20 5-tael cans of prepared opium. He was held in $1000 bail. The opium was entered as freight to Oregon City by "J. Stewart," and left the boat on Thursday or Friday. The contents of the package were discovered by accident, and it is said by Slim's friends the officers will have a hard time to show his connection with it.

PERSONAL.

E. H. Dickie, of Duncan's is in town.
George E. Powell returned last evening from Vancouver.
J. H. Hoare, of Winnipeg, is in the city on a business trip.
E. W. Ruff, of the Northern Pacific, returned home yesterday.
Rev. R. J. Roberts, of Chemainus, is staying at the Oriental.
J. B. Brownlee returned from the Sound yesterday on the Kingston.
Dr. Hall and wife were passengers from the Sound yesterday morning.
E. A. Jenns and L. G. McPhillips came over from the Mainland last evening.
J. D. Marsden, of the Galena Trading Co., left yesterday over the Northern Pacific for Pilot Bay.
Miss C. Christie and Miss I. Christie returned last evening from a visit to the Mainland.
Mrs. McElhinney and children, of Portland, who have been visiting here, left for home yesterday morning.
Mrs. Haslam and family, J. Pawson and wife, and J. E. Jenkins, all of Nanaimo, left for California to-day to spend the winter.
Mrs. E. E. Blackwood and children and Mrs. Jackson left yesterday for a three months' visit to Los Angeles and Pasadena.

Brief Locals.

—It is rumored that the C. P. R. is negotiating for a site for wharf space beyond the two outer wharves.

—The work of putting in the new fire hydrants was completed to-day. There are now 135 fire hydrants in position.

—The steamship Walla Walla brought 35 first-class passengers for the east. They leave to-morrow over the C. P. R.

—James Wood, drunk, was creating a disturbance on Johnson street this afternoon and was "run in" by Constable Mouatt.

—There is talk of a reception being given by the local Knights of Pythias in honor of Grand Chancellor Austin, of Vancouver, who will be in the city Friday.

—To-morrow evening in St. James's hall a concert will be given in aid of the organ fund. Many favorite amateur musicians will take part in the vocal and instrumental selections.

—George D. Adams, aged 12, was fined $5 in the provincial police court this afternoon for carrying a gun. The police are determined to put a stop to juveniles carrying guns, as there have been so many accidents.

—The annual Burns concert, under the auspices of the First Presbyterian church choir, will be held on Tuesday evening, the 23rd inst. As in former years, Mr. Brown, the choirmaster, has arranged the date so that it will not conflict with any celebration of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society may hold, Burns' natal day having by use and wont been reserved for them. This concert will be the sixth since Mr. Brown has been in charge of this choir, and if former concerts are criteria of the coming event, Scots will have a night's enjoyment to be remembered. Several concerted pieces by the well-trained choir, solos from Mrs. McCandless, Miss Jamieson, Miss Russell, Messrs. Watson, Kinnard and J. G. Brown, and readings by the well-known elocutionist, A. Chisholm, will be given. Mrs. J. Duff Stuart of Vancouver, the Scotch violinliste, who delighted Victoria audiences two years ago (then Miss Connon) will also appear in instrumental and vocal pieces.

Bargains in Dress Goods.
At Russell & McDonald's.

—That slight cold of which you think so little may lead to serious trouble with the lungs. Avoid this result by taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, the best known remedy for colds, coughs, catarrh, bronchitis, incipient consumption and all other throat and lung diseases.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

You Deal With Cameron The Original One Price Cash Clothier

DO

55 Johnson Street?

If Not Why Not?

C. P. N. Co., Ld., Steamer
MAUDE
Roberts, Master.
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,
—FOR—
Naas and Way Ports
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At 7 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.
JNO. IRVING,
Manager.
jan 3-td

STADTHAGEN & GARLAND,

The Cheapest Grocers in Victoria,

165½ DOUGLAS STREET, SECOND HOUSE FROM CHATHAM STREET.

Flour	$1 25	Clams, 1 tin	$0 25
New Raisins, 2 lbs for	25	Roast Beef, 1 tin	25
New Currants, 3 lbs. for	25	Lunch Tongue, 1 tin	30
Mixed Peels, 1 lb for	30	Table Fruit, 1 tin	10
Brackman & Ker's Rolled Oats, sack	35	Candles, 2 for	5
Tea, 1 lb. for	25	Brooms, best, 1 for	20
Coffee, Java, 1 lb for	25	Pratt's Coal Oil, 1 can for	1 55
Reindeer Condensed Milk, 1 can	15	Bacon, 1 lb. for	15
New Salmon, 1 tin	10	Ham, 1 lb. for	18
Sardines, large tin	10	Cheese, best, 2 lbs. for	35
Baking Powder, every "day" fresh, 1 lb.	25	Pearline	15
Blue Point Oysters	20	Spices	10
		Capot Capers	15

WE BUY ONLY FIRST-CLASS GOODS FROM THE FOLLOWING FIRMS: R. P. RITHET & Co., THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY, J. H TODD & SON.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

FOR 3 WEEKS ONLY

Winter Suits at Rock-bottom Prices that cannot be approached by any other House in the west.

J. W. CREIGHTON,
No. 86 Government Street.

...1894...

WEILER BROS.

Wish their many friends and patrons a prosperous New Year.

NOTE—The New Goods will soon be arriving for the spring trade and the stock when completed will be the finest we have ever had in our establishment.

Watch the advertisements during the next few weeks.

The World's Record

Now held at 88 Government street where the $25 Suits are made in 24 hours' notice, and Pants made in 6 hours.

The Goods are not Given Away

But these prices cannot be approached in the East or B. C.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

A GOOD CHANCE!

CHEAP LUMBER FOR CASH ONLY.

I have received instructions from the assignees to sell the stock of Hughitt & McIntyre, now in the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, at greatly reduced prices. The stock is too well known for further comment.

S. F. McINTOSH,
Rock Bay Coal and Wood Yard.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1873.

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Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and **Letters of Credit** issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
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In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner, Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has ability to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES
VICTORIA (Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street) NELSON, B.C.

TWO HEROES

A TALE OF THE NORTHWEST

BY ALICK BEGG.

Six hundred Indians were camped outside the walls of the fort threatening to attack and destroy it. Inside were twenty white men, brave and well mounted, under command of Lieut. D. In addition to these there were the regular occupants of the fort, including the Hudson's Bay Company's officer, his family and employes, the latter being unmarried men.

The Indians had risen in revolt, and after destroying several houses and the mission church, were now bent on the destruction of the fort. A couple of priests had been killed at the mission, and the redskins declared that they would not be satisfied until they had driven every soldier out of the country. Lieut. D's position was an extremely perilous one, because the Indians threatened to burn down the fort, which was a mere stockade, strongly built, it is true, but not proof against the flames which the besieging savages were preparing to direct against it. There was every confidence in the minds of the lieutenant and his men that protected by the walls they could keep the Indians in check until reinforcements arrived, but they felt that they could not fight against fire.

At this stage the Indians expressed a desire to treat with the Hudson's Bay Company officer, who stated his willingness to go out and meet them, but Lieut. D would not consent to this unless he went accompanied by two of the troopers. According Mr. L (for such I shall call the H. B. C. officer) sallied forth with a mounted soldier on each side of him, but the Indians would not allow him to approach them unless the troopers were sent back to the fort.

"We want to speak to you alone," they shouted to Mr. L, "and these men must go back. You are our friend and they are our enemies. We are the children of the Hudson's Bay Company; let the white warriors go back."

Mr. L then told the soldiers to return, and proceeded alone to meet the band. He was received by several of the chiefs, who told him that the white soldiers must be sent out of the fort, and promised in that case to leave it in peace. They assured Mr. L that they had no quarrel with him or the company, but if the soldiers remained they would destroy everything in the fort, including himself and his family.

Mr. L then returned within the stockade and strongly advised Lieut. D to escape with his men and leave him and his people to their fate, assuring him, however, of his belief that the Indians would not harm them. But the lieutenant protested against his course, and upon calling a council of his men they fully agreed with him and declared in favor of remaining at their post.

Then something strange occurred. But before relating it I must go back to the night preceding the council and tell what then took place.

The men were resting with their arms ready for any emergency and prepared to resist an attack at a moment's notice. Lying close to each other were two comrades engaged in a whispered conversation, and this is what they said:

"Pierre," said one, whose name was Jack Cohn, "we are in a tight box, and I hate to think of all the boys being murdered, for that is what it means. It ain't goin' to be a fair fight. The lieutenant is game, but it will be a slaughter."

"Yes," replied Pierre, "Mr. L is right. We ought to get out of here without fighting if we can. The red devils will be too much for us. I hate to run away as much as any one, but what's the use of staying? They'll be too much for us."

"Say, Pierre," said Cohn, "you and I know more about Indian fighting than the rest of the boys: can't we hit upon some scheme to save them. I guess the lieutenant would listen to us."

"Well," replied Pierre, "there is only one way to do it that I can think of. It means running away sure, but it's the only scheme I can get through my head."

"What is it?" asked Cohn, eagerly.

"You know the scow down at the river back of the fort?" answered Pierre. "Well, if the boys could get aboard it and shove off down current without the Indians knowing, I think it would work out all right."

"But," remarked Cohn, "how can the blamed reds be kept in the dark?"

"Only one way,' said Pierre.

"Out with it," said Cohn.

"You and I have got to do it, Jack," was the reply.

"I am with you," said Cohn, "but I don't quite catch on to your plan."

"Don't you see," replied Pierre, "if you and I ride out of the fort and go different ways the Indians will be after us. They'll think we're going for reinforcements, and there'll be a big chase, I reckon. You and I would have to take desperate chances, but our horses are good and we're the only two who know how to play the Indians. What do you think of the scheme?"

"It will work, Pierre; it will work, if only the lieutenant agrees to it. Say we put it to him in the morning."

Then these two brave fellows worked out their plan in detail, and it was this: They were willing to take their lives in their hands and ride out of the fort to divert the attention of the Indians while Lieut. D and his men slipped out and embarked upon the scows. They did not conceal from each other the risk they were taking, but they discussed a plan of action which would give them a good chance to escape capture. Neither faltered in his determination to take the risk.

They knew that nearly the whole band of Indians would be after them, and if they were taken it meant worse than mere death—it meant torture—but they also knew that it would leave the door of escape open long enough for their comrades to get away from the fort.

Then came the question—which one would take the direction down stream, for both knew that he who rode that way would have the best chance of escaping from his pursuers.

So they agreed to toss for place, and in the dim light these two men cast lots between them for life or death. That was what it meant—that is how it turned out.

Pierre won, and then he said to Cohn, "Take my horse, Jack. He is longer-winded than yours. It will be a long chase with you and a short one with me. I'd sooner take your place, Jack," he added, sadly, for they loved each other as brothers, and Pierre knew from experience the risk his friend would run.

But Cohn would not consent to an exchange of horses and expressed his ability to outrun the Indians. So the heroic compact was concluded, and it only remained to obtain the lieutenant's consent and approval.

Then the next day the strange thing already referred to occurred. When the soldiers declared in favor of remaining in the fort and fighting it out Jack Cohn spoke up.

"Lieutenant," he said, "I hate the idea of running away as much as any of the boys. But it's got to be done. It will be clean murder if we stay. The reds are too much for us, because they won't fight fair. They'll burn us out, sure."

This speech of Jack's was the strange thing that occurred, because he was known to be one of the bravest men on the force, but Lieut. D quickly perceived that there was something behind the words spoken which had yet to be disclosed. So he said: "Well, Cohn, suppose I consent to abandon the fort, how are we to get away? It seems to me we will be worse off outside than inside the walls."

"Yes, sir," said Jack; "but Pierre and I have talked it over, and we propose to go out and give the reds a run while you and the boys get away. If you can get aboard the scow at the river bank and push off I guess we can keep the Indians engaged long enough for you to get well down the river. Mr. L and his people are all right. The reds won't hurt them."

"And what is to become of you and Pierre?"

"Oh! I guess we are able to take care of ourselves; at least we are willing to chance it."

It was said quite coolly, but Lieut. D understood at once the heroism of the men in making the offer. No one understood better the terrible risk they would run, but he also saw in it a chance to save eighteen lives by the possible loss of two. There was also a hope that the brave volunteers would succeed in escaping death.

So in a few feeling words, in which he thanked them for their devotion and praised their courage, he accepted their offer. When, however, the full extent of the sacrifice these two brave fellows were prepared to make became apparent to their comrades there was a strong disposition on their part to refuse to agree to it. Finally all objections were overruled and preparations were made to carry out Jack's and Pierre's plan. In the first place, Mr. L, his family and men left the fort and camped near the Indians, with instructions from Lieut. D to impress upon the latter that he and his men were resolved to fight it out. Then all the spare ammunition and weapons were collected, ready to be dumped into the river out of reach of the Indians the moment the soldiers boarded the scow.

At last the critical moment arrived at a time when the Indians were engaged in their camp and unprepared for an immediate chase. Quickly the gate of the fort was thrown open and Jack and Pierre flew out at full gallop, each taking a separate direction. Then a shout arose from the Indians, who rushed for their horses and were soon in hot pursuit. One party dashed after Jack, while another pursued Pierre. For a few moments the soldiers in the fort watched the course of their comrades before taking advantage of the opportunity to escape. Then silently they stole out of the fort and down to the bank of the river, where the scow lay. The extra ammunition and guns were thrown into the river and the rude craft shoved off and poled into the stream, where the current caught it and sent it at a rapid rate down the river.

Every minute brought Lieut. D and his men nearer to safety, but how fared it with Jack and Pierre? When the scow was well down the river and rounding a point a splash was heard, and then Pierre's head appeared above the water as he swam eagerly towards the boat. As he came near he cried faintly, "I'm shot through, boys; help to pull me in."

In a moment one of the men had plunged into the river and was supporting Pierre, while willing hands were ready to lift him tenderly into the scow.

Pierre was badly wounded and faint from loss of blood, but he had strength enough to tell how after being shot he had managed to reach a spot where the line of woods ran close to the edge of the river, where he dismounted, cast loose his horse and waited in the brush for the coming of the scow. He had doubled on his pursuers, who he admitted were better mounted than he had expected.

Asked about Jack, he said that the last he saw of him was his horse stumbling along as if wounded. "Then I lost sight of him, but I fear," said Pierre, "that Jack is a goner. The Indians were close on to him."

Pierre was tenderly cared for until a body of the troops was overtaken, when he received proper surgical attention, and I am glad to say he finally recovered from his wounds and is alive to-day.

A detachment of the troops was then sent out in search of Jack, and on passing the ruins of the fort, which the Indians had destroyed, the body of poor Cohn was found, not far from the spot where Pierre had last seen him. His body was in a horribly mutilated condition his fiendish captors having tied him to a stake and tortured him in the most terrible manner. Fire had been applied to him and he had been hacked with knives, probably while still alive. At his feet, almost hidden in the grass, a locket was found with part of a chain attached. Evidently he had torn it from his neck, thus breaking the chain, in an endeavor to save it from the Indians.

Reverently, the troopers carried the body of their dead comrade to a sheltered spot, where they buried him, and there he now lies in a lonely grave, but there is not a man who was engaged in that expedition but remembers and mourns to this day the lost hero of Fort P.

When Pierre was shown Jack's locket, which out of respect for the dead had not been opened, he said:

"Ah! boys, that is the portrait of his mother, which he always wore next to his heart. His last thought was of her; his last effort was to save the gift she gave him from the clutches of the red devils. Poor Jack! Ah, me! my only friend," sighed Pierre. "Would to God it had been me instead of you!"

The "Bicycle Back."

At the invitation of the Cycles Accessories Syndicate, a number of gentlemen interested in cycling, including doctors and others, visited the Crystal Palace, at Sydenham, and inspected a contrivance styled a "Pneumatic Rest," the object of which is to prevent cyclists from assuming that forward stoop, which is not only ugly but leads, according to medical authorities, to innumerable injurious effects to health. Sir D. Richardson, who is undoubtedly one of the greatest authorities on healthful exercise, has written: The attitude that most cyclists adopt in a greater or less degree is most unhealthy. The doubled-up position does more harm than people imagine—of course everybody knows that it is ugly. She spinal curves are the most perfect in nature, both for strength and beauty. These are distorted—the top of the anterior curve being brought forward until the spine becomes almost an arc. The chest is affected by the unnatural pressure placed upon it, the circulation impaired, and the lungs are interfered with. Indeed, there is hardly any possible evil effect it does not produce." The object of the inventors of the pneumatic rest has been to save cyclists from these consequences, and the opinion of those who saw the attachment on Saturday was that they have attained a very large measure of success. The rest is attached to the frame of the machine, just in front of the saddle, and is so placed that when the rider leans slightly forward, it forms a soft support across the abdomen, and a fulcrum which enables the rider to obtain greater leverage and impart more driving power to the machine, and it is claimed that a considerably increased gearing may be used. The general effect is, indeed, to comfortably fix the hips and body on the saddle, so that all the power exercised is expended directly on the propulsion of the machine, while the internal organs are kept entirely free from pressure. Mr. Heather Bigg, the greatest authority on spinal curvatures, and other medical men have examined the rest and expressed their great approval of it. It can be adapted to any machine, weighs but little, and is said to slightly increase the speed of the rider.—English Exchange.

Tale of a Bank-Book.

Many strange stories have been told in which bank-books have figured to a very considerable degree. A down-town business man has come to the front with one that is far from being uninteresting. In September this gentleman received a letter from his brother in the country, and on opening it he found it to contain bank-book No. 116,807 of the Bank for Savings, at No. 107 Chambers street. The gentleman opened his eyes in a surprised way at this relic of the past, for the bank in question no longer exists. An examination of the book showed that there was in it a memorandum showing that the father of the gentleman who had written the letter had opened an account in the name of his son in 1849. The last deposit had been made in December, 1850, and the aggregate amount of deposits was $29. In his letter the gentleman up the country says that he discovered the book in a collection of old papers, and sent it on to see if it still was of value. The New York business man at once made an investigation. He found that the "Bank for Savings" had long ago been merged into the Bleecker street bank, and that its accounts were kept methodically and well was shown by the fact that the accountant had no difficulty in identifying this deposit made 40 years ago. This being done they at once with that nonchalance that is characteristic with men found in institutions where millions are handled, made in red ink under the record of the $29 deposit this entry: "July, 1890. Interest, $259.50." So the book that had for 40 years lain forgotten among rubbish of the past turned out to be a very valuable article. As a witness of the beauties of compound interest it ought to be of value.—Banker's Magazine.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Save dollars in doctors' bills. Ecelay's Liver Lozenges. 25 cents at druggists.

Thos. Firth & Sons, Ltd.
BEST CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL.

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BESSEMER STEEL. OPEN HEARTH STEEL.

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We use in making **INDURATED FIBRE WARE**. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. **INDURATED FIBRE WARE** imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

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THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1883.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Southbound (Read up): Miles from Wellington	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays	No. 1 Passenger Daily	Stations	Northbound (Read down): No. 2 Passenger Daily	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays	Miles from Victoria
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Victoria	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Russell's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Esquimalt	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Goldstream	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Summit Siding	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Shawnigan Lake	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Cobble Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	McPherson's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Koksilah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Duncan's	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Somenos	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chemainus	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Oyster Bay Sid'g	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Nanaimo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wellington	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
City of Puebla - - Jan. 9
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
The Scenic Route of the World.

Cheap Rates and Fast Time
TO ALL POINTS
East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R. M. S. Empress of India sails for Hong Kong via Yokohama January 8th.

R. M. S. Warrimoo for Australian ports via Honolulu January 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented.

For ticket rates and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent.
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THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Steamship Co'y.
In connection with
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
The Shortest Route to
JAPAN AND CHINA
Proposed Sailings of Steamers
1893-1894.
(Subject to alteration.)
WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., General Agents, Victoria.
Or R. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

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TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
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The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South
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Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address
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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER
JOAN
J. R. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria	Tuesday	7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Comox	Wednesday	7 a.m.
Returning same day.		
Comox for Nanaimo	Friday	7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria	Saturday	7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Station, Store street.

The Oceanic Steamship Company
Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco,
FOR HONOLULU ONLY
SS. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, January 20th, 1894, 2 p.m.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Mariposa....Thursday, 11th Jan., at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

Great Northern Railway
THE BUFFET LINE.
Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. RATTRAY, General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block, Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. St. Paul, Minnesota.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

Fancy Ties, Gloves, Silk Handkerchiefs, Fancy Braces, Fine Hats, Etc., Etc.,
SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
LARGE CONSIGNMENT JUST TO HAND.
B. Williams & Co., Clothiers & Hatters,
97 Johnson Street.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Weekly Budget of Interesting Upper Country Items.

GALENA STRIKE ON NORTH THOMPSON

Adventures of a Hunter in the Lardeau—Mining Progress Around Nelson—Cold Weather at Golden—Rough on the Ex Editor.

(The Miner.)

The material for the Ainsworth contractor is arriving from Buchanan's saw mill and the building will be pushed ahead as rapidly as posible.

W. F. McNaught of Seattle has returned to New Denver with the information that work will be resumed on the Alpha property at once, and that a sleigh road will be constructed to the mine, and the shipping of ore will be commenced as soon as possible.

Some very extravagant rumors have been going the rounds respecting a very [illegible] on the Slocan, in which Capt. MacNaughton is interested. Neil Gething of New Denver describes the result of the recent work on the property. The miners have run a cross cut of 60 feet and have drifted 50 feet on the lead. There are three feet of concentrating ore in the lower tunnel and six inches of solid galena on the hanging wall.

Suit has been filed here in the case of John W. Dawson against the owners of the Bon Ton mine in the Slocan, Messrs. Adams, Brandan & Adams, for $10,000 damages and the possession of a portion of the property. The plaintiff claims that the lines of the Bon Ton were altered and run in on the claim License, owned by Dawson. Ore has been taken from the disputed territory. F. M. McLeod and J. H. Bowes are interested in the case on behalf of the plaintiff and defendants respectively.

H. E. Barlnds of Spokane and John M. Burke of Idaho are plaintiffs in a suit against Julius Lauzon for the recovery of the amount paid in a mining deal. The plaintiffs allege that on Dec. 5th, 1892, Lauzon represented to them he had a valuable mining claim on the west bank of Hauser creek, in British Columbia, that was rich in silver and other precious metals. Not only that, but he presented specimens of rock which showed a valuable ledge, and in consequence Barlnds and Burke purchased the claim for $1,500. All these claims and representations, the plaintiffs now allege, were false, and they sue to recover the money paid. The plaintiffs have garnisheed some $350 held by the defendant in the Citizens' National bank in deposit.

The trustees of the Nelson Hydraulic company have unlimited faith in the gold producing nature of their property. They have determined that the spring will find them in a position to commence working, although all the preferred stock offered for sale has not been disposed of. With this end in view they have purchased some 80,000 feet of lumber for the flume, sluice boxes and building. The lumber is now loaded on the C. & K. company's cars, upon which it will be conveyed to the head of Forty-Nine Mile creek. From this point it will be rafted across the stream and hauled over a road constructed by the trustees. The lying timber on either side of the flume is being cleared for a total width of 70 feet, to prevent accidents by fire or falling timber. The sale of stock in Nelson has been very encouraging, but the bulk of money is expected to come from the outside. R. I. Bealey, who is in London at present, will endeavor now that things have been got into shape, to float some of the stock there. It is too early yet to ascertain what success will attend the offering of stock on the outside as the prospectus has been out but a few weeks.

H. H. St. John who secured an interest in the Idaho mine recently is now an enthusiastic mining man.

Jack Buchanan, a miner employed on the Silver King died at the hospital this week from a complication of diseases.

A. J. Marks offers a reward of $50 for information as to the whereabouts, dead or alive, of Chas. Brown and John Dolan, who have not been heard of since Dec. 6th.

The B. C. & A. Exploration company has concluded this year's work in connection with its Kootenay valley reclamation scheme. The men employed have completed six miles of the dyke along the river, besides a dyke across the valley from the river to the mountains. Next year they expect to continue the dyke some eight or nine miles down the river to a point where the river bears in close to the mountains. Here they will run a dyke across to the hills, and they will then have several thousand acres reclaimed.

(Inland Sentinel.)

E. S. Wood, principal of the public school, last year made a record of eight deer killed.

There is now 1,000 feet of the ditch for the Tranquille hydraulic mine dug and work is still going on.

One morning recently Rev. J. F. Betts was seen coming from the country with a fine three-year-old buck in his cutter. The worthy pastor of the Methodist church is known to have many accomplishments, but that of being a mighty hunter was not thought to be one of them.

An attempt was made a few years ago to start a skating rink, but a thaw came just as the ice was in condition to be used. W. Brownlee is going to try the enterprise this winter and has a force of men engaged. It will be situated between the railway track and the river, near the Shuswap mill.

Thos. Costley has been awarded the contract of taking out the ice required by the Canadian Pacific railway. There will be about 1,800 tons. He has six teams and a gang of men employed. Mr. Costley now holds himself ready to tender for such jobs as may offer.

R. T. Lorrie, of the Nakusp Ledge, passed through on Monday night for the coast. The sale of the Surprise mine for $60,000, half cash, he reports as the last important event in the Slocan. The people there look upon it as an evidence that outside parties realize that Slocan mines are as good as they are said to be. The sellers get the returns from the 150 tons now taken out, and this is expected to yield $100 to the ton.

On Wednesday night John Barber arrived in Kamloops, bringing from Grande prairie the family of John Pringle, who, while returning from the Jubilee Hospital, Victoria, where he went for treatment, stopped at Ashcroft. Mr. Pringle was unable to come further on his journey home, and since he was obliged to lay off there has been getting steadily worse. Death was expected at any time on Wednesday, so his family was sent for that that they might see him once more. They left by Thursday night's express.

When the strike of galena was made tween the North Thompson river and Adam's lake a year ago, among those who became interested were P. Olson, R. Buchanan and Thomas Flynn of Seattle. They developed their find to a considerable extent and had thorough assays made. These proved the ore to be very rich, each ton containing over $100. These gentlemen returned to Kamloops on Saturday, and along with them are John Palm and Charles Griesh, also of Seattle. Yesterday they started with their outfit on three sleighs for the mine, with the intention of beginning at once to develop it and take out ore next summer. They drive by sleigh as far as H. F. Smith's ranch, at the mouth of Louis creek. From there they will have to pack their belongings to the claim, which is 14 miles off on Louis creek. So far there is no trail, though horses can be taken across with some difficulty, but it is expected that a trail will be cut through before long. Mr. Olson and his company intend to pack the ore to the mouth of Louis creek, where they have purchased five acres from J. F. Smith as a dumping ground. Steamers can run up the North Thompson to that point, so that the cost of getting the ore as far as Kamloops will not be exceptionally high. The need of a trail from the North Thompson to Louis creek has been brought to the notice of the lands and works department, as well by Mr. Martin as others, and the question will be taken into consideration in the preparing of the estimates for next year. A rich vein of galena is also said to be held by Joseph Zink in the same locality. Mr. Zink is now in Kamloops, but those who have tried to buy from him have been able to get no satisfaction and it is not likely he will develop it himself. Should this claim prove as valuable as it is thought to be, and becomes the property of those with capital enough to work it, another prosperous mining camp will be opened tributary to Kamloops, and with the opening of a wagon road to the North Thompson ore of a comparatively low grade can be taken out profitably and work afforded for a good number of men.

Fred Anderson shot four deer on the hill north of the depot a few days ago.

The dog poisoning still continues, two more cases having been added to the list this week.

Thursday night was probably the coldest we have had this winter. The thermometer fell to 25 degrees below zero.

(Kootenay Star.)

Hoar and Edwards have put up a snug cabin and have started to develop the gold claim at Five-Mile creek. It is expected to improve with depth, as the claims on the Black Prince lead did.

F. B. Ramey of Lardeau, has recently killed two more caribou. He cached one in John Stauber's cabin and hung up the other in a leaning tree. On returning for the latter one he was astonished to see a grizzly bear seated on the tree enjoying a repast of caribou, having already eaten the two quarters. The bear was determined to hold on to his find. It was too good a thing to give up at this season of the year; so he growled and tried to frighten the hunter away, but a rifle bullet put his bearship to sleep for good. Mr. Ramey cached the bear's carcass in Stauber's cabin instead of the lost caribou. He brought home the skin, which is a beauty.

Verily the path of an editor is a hard one to travel. Only this week an ex-editor who has not done any editing for some months past came in contact with a former chum at the bar of one of our hotels, and a lively scrap ensued. It appears the aggrieved party had constantly carried in his pocket a copy of the paper containing the article which he complained of as reflecting on him and had threatened dire vengeance on the writer. "They met; 'twas id a crowd"; and in the twinkling of an eye—the ex-editor's eye—there was a blow, a whirligig of two bodies going floorward in company with the water filter on the end of the counter, and when the two erstwhile chumnies were dragged apart one of them showed some facial ornamentation that was not there when the fun commenced. "After the ball was over" the barkeeper suggested that they should "shake the dice" to see which should pay for damages. This was agreed to, and the poor ex-editor again "got stuck."

Hood's and Only Hood's

Hood's Sarsaparilla is carefully prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper berries and other well known remedies, by a peculiar combination, proportion and process, giving to Hood's Sarsaparilla curative powers not possessed by other medicines. It effects remarkable cures when other preparations fail.

HOOD'S PILLS cure biliousness.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE WARINA AFFAIR.

The Loss of Life Was Heavier Than First Reported.

London, Jan. 6.—Col. Abelis, of the West India regiment, has telegraphed to Right Hon. H. Campbell-Bannerman, secretary of state for war, the dispatch being dated Warina, Dec. 23, as follows: "Before daybreak this morning our camp was suddenly attacked by a strong force of natives, several of whom were armed with rifles. For 40 minutes the fire was hot, the enemies using trees for cover. The fire slackening we advanced and found seven magazine rifles and eight chassepots. Shortly after a wounded prisoner reported that we had been attacked by Lieut. Moritz, of the French army, 32 Senegalese sharpshooters and 1200 Kissi natives. The prisoner stated that Lieut. Moritz had left Farana with this force against the Sofas at the end of September, and had arrived December 21 at Teubikundu, 50 miles northeast of Warina. Lieut. Moritz hearing that there was war in the Connodist, believed that it must be that it was carried on by the Sofas under Porokerri, a Sofa chief who was trying to escape from the British forces and join the Sultan Samundu. Lieut. Moritz left on the morning of December 21 and halted on December 22, 15 miles notheast of our camp. He left this point at midnight under a full moon and attacked us, believing us to be Sofas. I wrote to Lieut. Moritz, explaining the situation. A letter had been previously sent on December 16 to the commanding French officer at Kissi, in Sahara, giving notice of the approach of British troops. At 11 o'clock Lieut. Moritz was found severely wounded. Despite all medical attention, he died at noon. Before his death he said that the natives had told him that we were Sofas, and that he had no idea that we were British. Moritz and the Senegalese who had been killed in the fighting were buried with military honors. Capt. Lendy and two constables were shot by their own men. Another letter has been sent to the French commander at Kissi, informing him of the occurrence, and assuring him that the friendly relations existing will not be disturbed owing to the mistake of Lieut. Moritz. Warina is within our own sphere."

Paris, Jan. 6.—The Journal des Debats says it declines to believe that the French were responsible for the Warina affair. It complains that the French were never officially notified of the departure of the British forces into the interior. La Libette says it has reason to believe that the Brish were wholly to blame. Le Temps expresses the opinion that the affair was indubitably the result of a misunderstanding. It adds that the only means to prevent a repetition of the affair is to bring about immediately the delimitation of the boundaries, the absence of which caused the regrettable encounter.

Brussels, Jan. 6.—The Paris correspondent of the Independence Belge says: The French officials deny that the government was informed of the English expedition against the Sofas. The colonial office was entirely unaware of the enterprise, and, therefore, was not able to caution the French expedition. It is surmised that the English were trying to make their way between the French posts when they were attacked.

Liverpool, Jan. 5.—A dispatch from Leone, on the northwest coast of Africa, says: Capt. Lendy and Sergt. Liston of the British army, together with 26 men of the West India regiment, have been killed at Warina in the interior. The details of the affair are very meagre. Captain Lendy had charge of the newly-arrived frontier police, and it is surmised that at the time of the mishap he was in command of the frontier expedition, and the French mistook him and his men for the natives against whom they were then operating.

A woman, whose frown caused the household to shiver
Is now the most peaceful with whom you could dwell;
Her crankiness came from complaints of the liver,
And Beeljay's Lozenges made her quite well.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR

BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

VIGOR OF MEN
Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.

Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.
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Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

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W. R. CREECH, Manager.

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HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
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2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives $9 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blow holes and sponginess.
Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.
Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $28 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.
Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.
The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE.
123 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

Dressmaker
Just arrived from San Francisco, with handsome line of Street and Evening Dresses. Orders taken at short notice. Prices reasonable. Clarence Hotel, Room 30 dec26-tf

Real Estate.
200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR ....Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WA....ter front and about 700 cords of wood ....cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good ....terms; $35 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES ...planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE ....fine water front, good land, partly ....cleared; good house and stables; splen....did location for fishing and shooting and ....boating; low price and good terms, or ....exchange partly for cash and city pro....perty.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH ....house and stable, close to railway sta....tion; a good chicken and fruit farm; ....cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, ...close to Saanichton railway station; ....$1000 and $1500, according to position; ....very easy terms and low interest to ....parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close ....to good stream of water; $300.
A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

"Land Registry Act."
Sections 1 and 2, Quatsino District.
A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to Andrew B. Forbes on the 24th March, 1894, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or some part thereof.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 19th December, 1893. d21-3m

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTOIRA, B. C.

NOTICE.
In re Estate of Munroe Miller.
A dividend (the 2nd) will be payable at the office, 77 Johnson street, on and after the 10th inst.
THOS. T. HULL,
Assignee.

NOTICE.
I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. D. H. Adams, after this date.
Dec. 23, 1893. D. H. ADAMS.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CIVIC NOMINATIONS.

Hon. Robt. Beaven and John Teague Nominated for Mayor.

TRUSTEES ELECTED BY ACCLAMATION

Ald. Munn and Harris and J. Keith Wilson Elected for South Ward by Acclamation—Five Candidates Each for North and Central Wards.

The nominations for mayor, aldermen and school trustees took place to-day. For mayor there were only two candidates, Hon. Robert Beaven, the present chief magistrate, and John Teague. In South ward there were three candidates for aldermen, H. A. Munn, D. R. Harris and James Keith Wilson. They were therefore elected by acclamation. There are five candidates for Centre ward and five for North ward. Only three school trustees were to be elected, the other three having been elected for two years. There being three candidates for trustees, Wm. Marchant, J. S. Yates and Caleb Bishop, they were declared elected by acclamation. On account of an error in the school act, which made the clause read that to become a voter for school trustees a ratepayer would have to pay the school tax for the present year, the candidates had some difficulty in obtaining proposers and seconders, most of the ratepayers being disfranchised. If there had been an election the ladies would have been able to elect their candidates.

The nominations follow:

FOR MAYOR.

Beaven, Robert, Member of the Legislative Assembly, proposed by A. J. Langley, seconded by W. Denny.

Teague, John, Architect, proposed by R. Lettice, seconded by B. Williams.

NORTH WARD.

Blackett, John Charles, Master Mariner, proposed by G. C. Gerow, seconded by R. A. Brown.

Baker, James, Contractor, proposed by Moses McGregor, seconded by N. Sabin.

Bragg, Edward, Contractor, proposed by S. P. Mills, seconded by James Porter.

Dwyer, William James, Grocer, proposed by William Marchant, seconded by F. Carne, jr.

Ledingham, William John, Carriage Builder, proposed by James Muirhead, seconded by James Bland.

CENTRAL WARD.

McKillican, W. D., Contractor, proposed by Walter Walker, seconded by Robert Lettice.

Humphrey, William, Gentleman, proposed by Thomas Earle, seconded by J. B. Lovell.

McDonald, Hugh H., Builder, proposed by William Allen, seconded by John Braden.

Vigelius, Louis, Gentleman, proposed by Michael King, seconded by Lewis Casey.

Styles, Samuel Thomas, proposed by Carlo Bossi, seconded by George Stelly.

SOUTH WARD.

Harris, D. R., Real Estate Agent, proposed by R. H. Hall, seconded by John Irving.

Munn, Henry A., Alderman, proposed by William Prout, seconded by Percival Brown.

Wilson, James Keith, Capitalist, proposed by W. H. Ellis, seconded by William Templeman.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Yates, James Stuart, Barrister-at-Law, proposed by Annie Calder, seconded by Mary J. Courtenay.

Bishop, Caleb, Gentleman, proposed by Robert Beaven, seconded by Robt. Carter.

Marchant, William, Agent, proposed by James Baker, seconded by W. J. Dwyer.

Returning Officer Bull having declared the school trustees and South ward aldermen elected by acclamation, the candidates and audience adjourned to the council chamber, where a public meeting was held.

Ald. Robertson was elected chairman, and called on Mayor Beaven to address the meeting. From the published statement of the financial position of the city, he said, it seemed as though there might be a reduction of taxation. It would be possible to reduce the assessment, as the financial standing of the city was good. He was the only candidate who had been attacked. He had never before mentioned Mr. Teague's name, and as far as he knew Mr. Teague had used him in a gentlemanly manner. Some of his opponents had accused him of usurping authority as mayor, while his old opponent, the Colonist, had stated that he did not take advantage of the power given him by the municipal act. His opponents therefore differed in their opinion about him, and he would let them fight it out. He believed that a certain portion of the city should be sewered and the system given a good test. There were two ways to do it. He thought the cheapest way was to borrow about $250,000 and complete the sewering of a portion of the city. Then if the citizens wanted to complete the sewers it could be done by the local improvement system, the portions which had been sewered refunding the amount already spent. He asked all the ratepayers to turn out and vote for the best men on Thursday. ((Applause.)

Ald. Bragg wanted to say something about the mayor. He had not attacked Mayor Beaven as Mayor Beaven, but he had attacked some of Mayor Beaven's acts. Other aldermen had taken the the same stand as he, but they had not been so outspoken. Mayor Beaven had kept some of the business back from the council. As a sample of the enormous power he had referred to, the caretaker of the Old Men's home said he would not light a fire in some of the rooms until he received orders from Mayor Beaven. This was after two members of the committee had suggested that the fires be lighted.

Mayor Beaven—I am sure the caretaker did not tell you that I told him not to light the fires, as I did not.

Ald. Bragg—I did not say that, but it shows what influence the mayor has. (Hear, hear.)

Ald. Baker thanked the ratepayers for nominating him.

W. J. Ledingham wanted the ratepayers to attend the meeting at Victoria West to-morrow evening. He had seen many mistakes which he thought should be remedied. It was his opinion that each portion of the North ward should be represented. He was a strong advocate of the frontage tax, which he thought would have to be adopted if the city was to progress. The trouble very often was that good measures were kept back by people refusing to speak in favor of them. (Applause.)

W. J. Dwyer went over the ground that he covered at the Work Estate meeting, mentioning several improvements that he was in favor of. The Indian reserve should be obtained for the city. If elected he would do his best for the whole city. (Applause.)

Mr. Blackett came before the ratepayers as a candidate without a record. All he had to say was that he did not take back anything he had said on Saturday night. If Mr. Teague was right in regard to what he said about the sewers, so much the better for the people, if not, so much the worse. The people of the North ward had no light, so he could not say anything about it. No effort should be left untried to acquire the Indian reserve for the city. If something was done on the eve of a general election the reserve might be given to the city. He would not make a personal canvass. All he would say was that he would do his best for the city if elected. Harmony should prevail in the council. (Applause.)

Ald. Styles would be as brief as possible. He would give the ratepayers an idea of the work done during the year. Both North and Centre wards had new streets and stone crossings constructed. In North ward there had been 10,445 feet of box drains laid, 3,905 feet in Centre ward, and 3,861 feet in South ward. Pipe drains,—North ward 6,000 feet; South ward, 402 feet, and Centre ward 250 feet. Sidewalks, North ward, 11,644 feet; Centre ward, 3,914 feet, and South ward, 6,643 feet. Rocks broken, North ward, 329 yards; Centre ward, 43 yards; South ward, 957 yards, and 600 yards by the crusher. The park, he thought, should be improved without borrowing more for the purpose. The council was not actually to blame for the present condition of James Bay mud flats. Some years ago he introduced a by-law to borrow $30,000 for building a causeway across James Bay, which was defeated. Since then two-thirds of that amount had been spent on the bridge. One of his objects in seeking election was to have taxation decreased. It was detrimental to increase taxation without providing additional feeders. He would be willing to increase his taxation if it would be the means of bringing a transcontinental railway to the city. The city of Victoria should be kept up to its present standard. If elected he would do all he could to advocate these improvements. (Applause.)

Louis Vigelius was not a new man, as he had represented Yates street ward for many years. He had no fault to find with the outgoing council from the mayor down. The assessment was too high, and if elected he would do his best to reduce it, but he was in favor of giving a bonus to a transcontinental railway.

Hugh H. Macdonald said last year promises had been made by the yard, but he did not know of one promise that had been carried out. Mayor Beaven had said $38,000 had been spent on the streets. If this was true the city had got very little for their money. He had watched the taking out of some rock on Oak Bay avenue, and he found that that rock cost the city $7.50. Some rock was hauled from the North to the South wards. Why not crush the rock for each ward where it is needed and save the cost of handling? (Applause.)

The newly-elected South ward aldermen and the trustees thanked the ratepayers for electing them.

A ROUGH PASSAGE.

Steamship Tacoma Lost a Deckhand and Two Boats on Her Voyage.

The N. P. steamship Tacoma arrived to-day at 2 after a very rough passage across the Pacific. Four days after leaving Yokohama she ran into a gale and had rough weather all the way to this side. On Christmas day a sea swept over her decks, smashing one of her boats to pieces and washing another overboard, which was lost. A few days later a Chinese deckhand at work with the ship's carpenter was washed overboard. He was not seen after going over the side and could not have lived a minute in the sea. No damage was done to the ship, nor was any one injured, but some of the cabins on the main deck were kept wet. The ship's crew report nothing of a stirring nature on the Orient. The Tacoma brought two cabin and 125 steerage passengers and nearly 3,000 tons of freight, of which 650 tons is being discharged here. Three hatches are being worked and the ship will leave for Tacoma at 4 to-morrow morning.

On the outward passage the Tacoma had a hard trip, experiencing terrible weather and losing four boats from her decks.

Critically Ill.

Montreal, Jan. 8.—Dr. Douglas, principal of the Wesleyan College, is seriously ill. For the last six weeks he has suffered from the effects of an attack of grippe, and is now in a critical condition.

Bargains in Blankets

At Russell & McDonald's.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE TURF.

SELLING AT A SACRIFICE.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 8.—Wickliffe Preston has made an assignment of all his thoroughbred stock here to Col. J. R. Allen. Mr. Preston recently disposed of a number of horses in training, but realized only about $12,000 on them and was unable to satisfy his creditors. His assets are $75,000, liabilities not known. Mr. Preston has sold to Captain Philo C. Kidd, of Lexington, the 11-year-old stallion Bersan, by Tenbeck, dam Sallie M. by Longfellow, price $1000.

THE RING.

MITCHELL WANTS TO KNOW.

St. Augustine, Fla., Jan. 8.—Charlie Mitchell to-day denied emphatically that he had ever received a letter from Jim Corbett proposing to hold the fight in private, with only those present who happened to be there. "Heaven knows I am as willing to fight as Corbett is," said Mitchell, "and I will go to any reasonable length to meet him. I simply want to know where I am to fight, that's all."

THE GREAT FIGHT.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 8.—An authoritative statement by the Duval Athletic club as to the certainty of the Corbett-Mitchell fight coming off in this city is now in preparation. It will contain many fine points and is being drawn with the greatest care and caution.

SINGED HIS WHISKERS.

Narrow Escape of Santa Claus—Expelled for Alleged Defamation.

Nanaimo, Jan. 8.—The entertainment given in the Y. M. C. A. rooms on Saturday night by the scholars of the High school was good. The hit of the evening was the laughable farce, "Tramps vs. Female Vanity." The respective parts were well taken by both the young lady performers and the young men.

During the performance J. Frazer, acting as Santa Claus nearly met a serious mishap. A banner he was carrying caught fire from the lighted tapers which surrounded his head-dress, and as he dropped the banner down a little, set fire to the material composing his whiskers and burnt him before it could be put out.

At a meeting of the Poultry Society, held on Saturday, it was shown that there was a deficit of $363.73. A committee was appointed to take steps to have the society incorporated and to consider the best means of discharging the debt. A letter was read from Mr. Hewes, stating that Mr. Carmichael of Victoria had attempted to injure his reputation at the opening of the Seattle poultry show. In consequence he society has decided to expel Mr. Carmichael from placing future exhibits at the Nanaimo poultry exhibition. Hon. E. Dewdney, Hon. Theo. Davie, Hon. J. H. Turner, president and vice-president were elected life members of the society.

The funeral of the late David Hopkins took place on Saturday under the auspices of the M. M. I. P. A. The funeral was very largely attended.

The funeral of Magnus Edgar took place on Gabriola Island yesterday.

CENTRAL AMERICAN FEUDS.

Honduras a Big Battlefield—Bonilla and Vasquez.

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 8.—General Williams, who was taken prisoner when the town of Choleteuca, in Honduras, was captured on Jan. 4th, by Bonilla's troops, tried to escape to-day and was killed by a sentinel.

General Ortiz has sent a body of troops to capture Amapala, export of entry of Honduras, on the Pacific coast.

Foreign residents here have asked the United States minister to order the warship Ranger, now at Corinto, Nicaragua, to Amalpa at once to protect their interests.

San Salvador, Jan. 8.—Forty refugees from Vasquez' army have crossed the frontier into Salvador. They say Vasquez' army is disheartened on account of defeats, and that he is concentrating his forces to defend the capital, leaving other towns unprotected. Bonilla is capturing these towns. They also say Bonilla has a force of over 2500 men, and the allies number about the same, while Vasques has only about 4000 men.

News From the West Coast.

Rev. C. M. Tate has just returned from a missionary trip to the west coast of the Island, where he has been organizing a mission among the Nitinat Indians, with the Rev. W. J. Stone as missionary. The Indians received the missionary with much enthusiasm, and are highly delighted with the prospect of having a school established in their midst. The body of Norman Friend, who was drowned near Carmanah a week ago, has not been found. An Indian canoe from Neah bay, was overturned at Nitinat by a heavy sea, and its occupants, seven in number, were nearly drowned, last Wednesday. The Indians had been drinking and their canoe was well loaded with whiskey intended for a celebration in which they and the Nitinats were to join.

King's Body Found.

The body of Joseph King, who was drowned in Cowichan river on Dec. 22nd, was recovered on Saturday and brought to Somenos. King was a logger aged 60, and was engaged in breaking a log jam in Cowichan river four miles from Cowichan lake. During a rush of the logs he went overboard and was drowned, being swept down the river before aid could reach him. The body was found by Indians 12 miles from the point where the man was drowned. The body is in a poor state of preservation and on Saturday had not been absolutely identified. An inquest was to be held to-day at Somenos.

BIRTH.

McQUADE—On the 7th inst., the wife of L. G. McQuade of a son, still born.

RENDELL—In this city on January 4th, the wife of W. Rendell of No. 9 Amelia street of a daughter.

DIED.

BOOTH—At the family residence on the 8th inst., George H. Booth, a native of Portsmouth, England, aged 55 years and 9 months.

Funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 10th inst., at 2:30 from his late residence, 46 Work street, and 3 o'clock from St. John's church.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

No other sarsaparilla has equalled Hood's in the relief it gives in severest cases of dyspepsia, sick headache, biliousness, etc.

PASSENGERS.

Passengers Walla Walla from San Francisco—R Bassett, Mr Willis, P Roberts, R Roberts, C Vanhat, J P Hope, Miss Lawrence, Chas Buchanan, Misses Gilbert, H Walters, J T Severance, J T Camera, M Campbell, W T Wilkinson, Mr Webb, wife and daughter.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—R M Meadow, Mrs C H Finlayson, Miss C Christie, E A Jeune, Mrs H J Baker, Mrs J D Gordon, J Gilbert, Evan Parker, T Byers, J B Hobson, Mrs Kate Finlayson, Miss I Christie, L G McPhillips, C R Aldershaw, Master Gordon, J D Gilbert, R J Gilbert, D McCallum, G E Powell, H Brealey, H J Baker, George Biggar, A R Drake, S Barker, I Bowsee.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—E W Wright, Mrs Wright, F A Dougherty, Mrs Dougherty, T F Currie, H F Manning, J Furnham, Miss Morrison, Miss Morrison, G B Choberning, Thos Smith, Eva Hilton, Robt Morrison, J Gash, Dr Hall, Mrs Hall, W K Meivin, H C Donaldson, John Orr, J H Brownlee, Thos Reed, Mrs Harrison, J Gerstle, Eva Thomas, W B Scott, J Allen, and 17 Chinamen.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Hon Theo Davie, W C Haywood, Robert Irving, Miss Teuse, Mrs Robert Irving, R English, Frank Partridge and bride, M E Baker, C R Monk, L M Lapointe, J Schofield, J B Gordon, J Petitt, W D Sutton, T W Robertson, B F Bryce and wife, A D Young, Andrew Bryce, W Marchant, J E Crane, Dr E Hall, F. Borden and Alex. Begg.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Col Ind Rty, T Earle, R Dunsmuir & Sons, S Leiser, J G Sinclair, Dom Ex Co, G C Shaw & Co, J Hilliard, J Piercy & Co, Lenz & Leiser, J Hutcheson, Esquimalt Marine Railway Co, Lenz & Leiser, H Weber, Langley & Co, Pither & Leiser, Canada Paint Co, Wm Hogan, Brown Bros, Findlay, Durham & Brodie, G E Monro, H R Co, Hamilton Powder Co, Matthews, R & Tye.

Per steamer Walla Walla from San Francisco—Albion Iron Works, Brackman & K M Co, B C Cattle Co, C W Rogers, D H Ross & Co, D McNeoil, care R P Rithet & Co, D Roser, E B Marvin & Co, Hudson B Co, Hall Goepel & Co, J Barnsley & Co, J W Mellor, Langley & Co, McLachlan Bros, M Hantly, May Ying Lung, Nicholles & R, P McQuade & Son, R P Rithet & Co, R Beauchamp, Victoria P Brg Co, Wilson Bros, W Jackson Jr & Co, Yuen Lung, W Wilby, R C Mills T Co, C S Philp, C Anderson, P F Emerson, Winch & Bowen, Wells Fargo Co.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—A McGregor & Son, Erskine Wall & Co, F Carne, National Electric Co, Ramsay Bros, F Watson, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—G Bros, Erskine Wall & Co, Brackman & K, C & F A Co, T W, Wm Hashim, B S & B 9, Dom Exp Co.

—Hall's Hair Renewer is pronounced the best preparation made for thickening the growth of the hair and restoring that which is gray to its natural color.

NOTICE

I have this day admitted Mr. E. Bloomingdale, of San Francisco, as a partner in my business at Victoria, B. C., which hereafter will be continued under the firm name of Simon Leiser & Co.

SIMON LEISER.

Victoria, B. C., January 1st, 1893. j3-1m

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian	Jan. 20
Allan Line, Mongolian	Feb. 3
Dominion Line, Labrador	Jan. 27
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Feb. 10
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	Jan. 30
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Feb. 14

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Aurania	Jan. 27
Cunard Line, Umbria	Jan. 24
White Star Line, Majestic	Jan. 31
White Star Line, Germanic	Jan. 31
American Line, New York	Jan. 24
American Line, Paris	Jan. 31
Nor. German Lloyd, Dresden	Jan. 20
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Jan. 27
French Line, La Gascogne	Jan. 13
Allan State Line, Grecian	Jan. 18

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"Soft Water"

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A DELICIOUS BLEND

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..ANNUAL..

Winter Clearance Sale

....COMMENCING....

Wednesday, January 10.

Owing to extensive alterations to be made to our store during the month of February we will offer for the balance of this month our

Entire Stock at Greatly Reduced Prices.

We have marked our Winter stock consisting of Mantles, Capes, Furs, Millinery and Dress Goods regardless of cost at prices that will insure an early sale.

We have about 1000 REMNANTS and short ends of Dress Goods, Cloths, Silks, Ribbons and Laces that will be sold at half their original price.

We will throw out several dozen Kid Gloves in all sizes at 60 cents a pair, that are worth from $1 00 to $1 25.

Money is what we all want and money you can save by taking advantage of this sale, and remember those who come first get the best selections.

Sale commences at 8 o'clock Thursday morning.

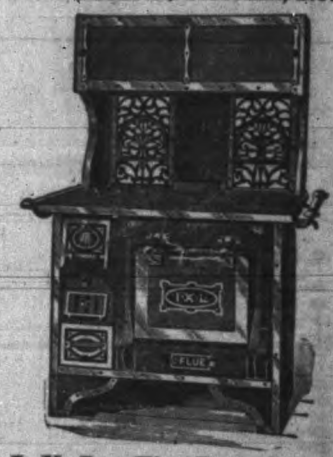
THE STANLEY HOUSE CO.,

Cor. of Douglas and Fort Sts.

W. H. PERRY,

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.



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Sheet Metal Works,
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Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B. C. July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.